RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

REGON PACIFIC RAILROAD
ILY POPULAR OUTE
VER ICTURESQUE ANGES

Time! Sure Connection! New Equipment

325 MILES SHORTER!
20 HOURS' LESS TIME!

mmodations Unsurpassed for Comfort and ety!—Fares and Freights MUCH Less han by any other route between all points in Willamette Valley and San Francisco!

ONLY ROUTE VIA
YAQUINA BAY!
—TO—
SAN FRANCISCO.
ILY PASSENGER TRAINS
(Except Sundays)
Corvallis, 1 55 P.M. | Leave Yaquina, 720 A.M.
ron and California Westside trains connect at ...lis.

THE STEAMSHIP
SANTA MARIA
—SAILS—
FROM YAQUINA. FROM SAN FRANCISCO.
...day Tuesday Jan. 4
...esday Jan. 11 Sunday Jan. 16
Feb. 2 Tuesday Jan. 25
Company reserves the right to change ...

...n Corvallis and East Portland
...Rail and Cabin $14—East and Steerage $8
...further information apply to
...CHAS. G. ROGUE, A. G. P. & P. Agt., Corvallis.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION Co.
COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

...n for the East leaves Ash st. wharf every ... day at
3:15 P. M.,
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars to Council ... St. Paul Walla Walla and Dayton without ... Trains from the East arrive at 10:15 ... every day.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.
FROM PORTLAND. FROM SAN FRANCISCO.
...ng at 12 Midnight, Leaving Spear st. wharf at ... as follows 10 A.M., as follows:
...abia, Saturday Dec. 4 State Friday Dec. 3
...Thursday Dec. 9 Oregon, Wednesday Dec. 8
...on, Tuesday Dec. 14 Columbia, Monday, Dec. 13
...abia, Sunday Dec. 19 Queen, Saturday Dec. 18
...Friday Dec. 24 Oregon, Thursday Dec. 23
...on, Wednesday Dec. 29 Columbia, Tuesday, Dec. 28
...abia, Tuesday Jan. 4 State, Monday Jan. 3
...Company reserves the right to change ... time days.

TO ASTORIA.
...Mail Steamer leaves Ash st. daily, except Sun...
...C. A. M. for Astoria.

TO DALLES AND CASCADES.
...e Ash street at 7 A. M. except Sunday

TO OREGON CITY, DAYTON AND CORVALLIS:
...mer leaves Portland at 7 A. M., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Dayton and way points... Tuesday leave Dayton at 8 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Corvallis steamer leave Portland ... M. Monday Wednesday, Thursday and Sun... Returning arrive Portland 1 P.M. Tuesday ...nesday Friday and Saturday

TICKET OFFICE, ASH STREET WHARF
A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.
JNO J. BYRNE (Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent,

VERLAND TO CALIFORNIA
VIA
Oregon & California R. R.
And Connections.
...to San Francisco $39 : to Sacramento$30
...ose connections made at Ashland with stages of ...California, Oregon and Idaho Stage Company.

(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.)
East Side Division.
TWEEN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND
Mail Train.
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
...land..... 8:00 A. M. Ashland..... 6:30 P. M.
...land..... 8:45 P. M. Portland..... 3:45 P. M.
Albany Express Train.
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
...land..... 4:00 P. M. Lebanon..... 9:30 P. M.
...non..... 8:45 A. M. Portland..... 10:30 A. M.

...llman Palace Sleeping Cars
Daily between Portland and Ashland.
...D & S. R. R. Parlor Cars connect with all the ...ar trains on the East Side Div. from foot of P...

West Side Division.
TWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS
Mail Train.
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
...land..... 7:30 A. M. Corvallis..... 12:45 P. M.
...allis..... 1:30 P. M. Portland..... 6:15 P. M.
Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific ... for Yaquina Bay
Express Train.
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
...land..... 4:50 P. M. McMinnville..... 8:00 P. M.
...minnville..... 6:45 A. M. Portland..... 9:00 A. M.
...al tickets for sale and baggage checked at com... by's up-town office cor. First and Second streets, ...ets for principal points in California can only be ...ured at company's office.
...ner First and Front Sts., Portland, Or.
...ight will not be received for shipment after five ... on either the East or West Side Divisions.
...n. ROEHLER, E. P. ROGERS,
Manager G. F. & Pass. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
SHORTEST, QUICKEST,
AND IN EVERY RESPECT
THE BEST ROUTE.
—TO—
...ntreal Toronto, Ottawa, Halifax, Port... ...nd, Boston, New York, Chicago, St. Paul, ... Omaha, Kansas City St. Louis, and ... All Points East and Southeast.
...est Dining & Sleeping Car Route in the World!
...vate Drawing Rooms, Luxurious Smoking ... Rooms, and Elegant Bath Rooms attached to all Sleepers.
...w and Elegant Second class Sleepers from Port Moody to Montreal, Free of Charge!
...orteous Employes, Splendid Passenger ...quipments Three Thousand Miles of Smooth Steel Rail Track, Ballasted Along its Entire Length!
Ever Changing Panorama of Grand and Magnificent Scenery!
...he Journey from the Pacific to the Atlantic by this ...e transcontinental line is one of uninterrupted fas... ...erence from start to finish
Passing through the most magnificent scenery in the world Twenty miles along a mile above the sea Rocky Mountains The Selkirks and the Gold ...ges Splendid Mountain, Lake and River Scenery ...Switzerland
...d Canadian Pacific Railway is the Only ... Line to the East from ... Victoria and Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and All Puget Sound Points.
...eeping Car accommodations reserved in advance
RAPID TRANSIT—LOWEST RATES!
...r full information and to secure berths call on or address
C. G. McMICKEN, Passenger and Freight Agt.
No 6 Washington st., Portland, Or.
...D. E. BROWN District Passenger and Freight ...t Port Moody.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.
...orthern Pacific Railroad.
Shortest Line to Chicago & the East.
...Shortest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph ...chison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Fort ...kington, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis, ... Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all points south and southeast
VIA
ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
Is the ONLY Line Running
Passenger Trains,
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
Palace Dining Cars (meals 75c),
Luxurious Day Coaches,
Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),
Through Washington and Oregon Cars
To The East
VIA ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ
the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid change of cars.
...ave Portland at 5 P. M. daily, arrive at ... St. Paul at noon, fourth day.
...ects at St. Paul at noon, fourth day.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
...ains leave Front and A streets, Portland, at 8:30 A. M. daily for Tacoma, 6:15 P. M., connecting with Ocean Steamers for Puget Sound.
CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.
A. D. CHARLTON, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, Portland.
No. 1 Washington St.,

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 26—NO. 8315 PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1887. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

...ERS,
Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 7 North First St., Portland, Or.,
...porters and Wholesale Liquor Dealers.
—SOLE AGENTS—
...ERED ... S'K ES,
...ENRY SEC CHAMPAGNE, VAL BLATZ WIENER BEER
...ERN HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE. WHITE ROCK MINERAL WATER.

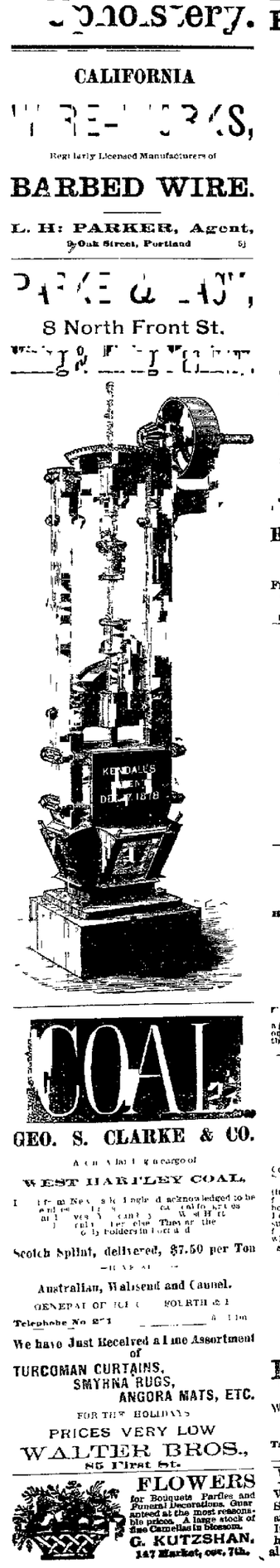
...Wholesale Jarde... and ...holstery Trade.

REMOVAL NOTICE.
...ecessitate our Increased business, we will remove, about January 1st, 1887, to Larger and More Suitable Premises, at
...41, 643, 645, 647 MARKET ST., S. F.,
(NEXT ABOVE PALACE HOTEL)
...will be prepared to show the Stock than TRADE a Larger and More Complete ever before.

...& J. SLOANE & CO.,
—IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF—
...rpets and ...holstery.

CALIFORNIA
...RE-WORKS,
Regularly Licensed Manufacturers of
...TTERS BARBED WIRE.
L. H. PARKER, Agent,
...Oak Street, Portland 5j
...PARKER & CO.,
8 North Front St.

...R KOHN & CO., Agents,
...Front st., Portland, Or.



...ONE TEASPOONFUL to ... Quart of Flour.
...OON, EHRMAN & CO., ...eral Agents, Portland, Or.
...BERLIN & GUTMANN, ... First St., Portland, Or.,
...FURRIERS.
...SACQUES, DOLMANS AND WRAPS
...ade to order in the LATEST STYLES ...GUARANTEED best quality Alaska Seal, London Dye.
...NGS, RUGS & ROBES,
...Complete assortment in Ladies' Misses' and Gentlemen's
...FURS.
...Orders Promptly Filled.
...WILLIAM BECK & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
...Sporting Goods
...Parker's Remington's Tuttle's ...National and Ithaca Guns
...BREECH-LOADING SHOTGUNS
...Winchester, Ballard and Marlin
...REPEATING RIFLES.
...COLT'S MACHINE-LOADED CARTRIDGES
...FINE FISHING TACKLE.
...105 and 107 Second St

...GARRISON'S
...ing Machine Store,
167 Third Street,
PORTLAND, OR.
Agency for the
DOMESTIC, HOUSEHOLD, AMERICAN, WHITE,
—AND OTHER— Sewing Machines.

...COAL.
GEO. S. CLARKE & CO.
Are now landing a cargo of
WEST HARTLEY COAL,
...from Newcastle, and pronounced to be the ...equal of any Coal offered in this market. ...Vessel is now discharging, and orders ...be filled daily. Please leave your ...orders at Pittock's Coal Office, ...Front st., or Telephone No. 611.
Scotch Splint, delivered, $7.50 per Ton
—OF—
Australian, Wallsend and Cannel.
GENERAL OFFICE FOURTH & ...
Telephone No 611

We have Just Received a ...ime Assortment of
TURCOMAN CURTAINS, SMYRNA RUGS, ANGORA MATS, ETC.
FOR THE HOLIDAYS
PRICES VERY LOW
WALTER BROS.,
86 First St.

FLOWERS
for Bouquets Parties and Funeral Decorations. Gum ...ected at the most reasonable prices. A large stock of fine Camellias in bloom.
G. KUTZSHAN,
147 Market, cor. 7th.

PERSONAL.
...Hires tested its virtues personally and I know it ...for Dyspepsia Tillous ness and Sick Headache ...will find that there would never any Hundred ...fer with from these for Simmons Liver Regulator ...and none for its cure more than I endorse it. ...the Regulator it only relieved but cured— ...(Signed) Mac P. Gi...

BAD BREATH.
Nothing is so unpleasant nothing is common as Bad Breath and in nearly every case it comes from the Stomach and can be so easily corrected. If you will take Simmons Liver Regulator. Do not neglect so unpleasant a duty for there is no medicine it will also improve your appetite complexion and general health.

Tired and Despondent
"For some time my liver failed to act out of order and I felt generally good for nothing. I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator. Its action was quick and thorough and it imparted a brisk and vigorous feeling. It is an excellent remedy.—J. R. HILAND Monroe, Iowa.
Demand the genuine, with trade mark (Z in red on front of wrapper—Guarantee on the genuine

LITTLE'S
Sozodont Nerve,
Deodorizer and Antiseptic,
Best Disinfectant,
Non-Poisonous,
Is Superior to All Others.
Clean, Harmless, Convenient, Effective.
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,
16 North Front St., Portland, Or.
General Agents for Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Dakota.

E. R. BEHLOW.
...Having received another invoice of London dyed
...Alaska Sea Skins
I WILL SELL ALL MY
Ready-made Coats, Ulsters and Dolmans
AT A GREAT REDUCTION
From now until after the Holidays. Call and be convinced for yourself of the Great Bargains.
29 Washington St., Portland.
Send for Catalogue

Have you tried "Whiting's Standard" Writing Paper and Envelopes, made by Whiting Paper Co., Holyoke, Mass.? You will find them the best for correspondence and all the uses of polite society. Cream and Azure, rough and smooth finish, all sizes. Ask your stationer for "Whiting's Standard."

...ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT
(Corner Front and Morrison sts., Portland,
WILL BE OPENED ON SUNDAY MORNING, Dec 12th, by Wm MATTA CAVANA, Prop
Table supplied with the very best the market affords Give me a trial

...KEYDALL'S DEPOT 1878

...Babies that are fretful peevish cross or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Ackers Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents Sold by all druggists.

...ESTABLISHED 1858
...BEER
...BREWERY IS THE ONLY BREWERY ... of the kind on the Pacific Coast ... a genuine article of lager beer. The best ice ... on the coast has been set up for brewing purposes at the Gambrinus Brewery.

WASHINGTON.

Applicants for the Albany, Oregon, Post Office.

A PENSION FOR MRS. LOGAN

Capt Herbert Beecher gets Another Appointment—Ericsson a "Destroyer"—Interstate Commerce Further Discussed in the Senate.

WASHINGTON Jan 6—Following is a complete list of the applicants for the Albany postoffice which becomes vacant the 9th inst. Rufus Thompson T J Stites F J Cline Mrs Mart V Brown W A McGhee C H Luderman D Mansfield and W I Alexander. Thompson is recommended by nearly seven different Twenty three members of the legislature by ex Senator Slater and others Gov Pennoyer vouches for Thompson's business qualifications but leaves it to the postmaster general to act in the matter as he deems best. Stites is recommended by W W Thayer C B Bellinger and fifty five citizens four ministers and others. There is a petition of sixty nine citizens in favor of Chas. Cleaver recommends Mrs. Brown. The office will probably be given to either Thompson or Stites.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT APPROPRIATIONS

In addition to the items in the new river and harbor bill for Oregon and Washington as telegraphed yesterday by the associated press the following are noted

For improving the waters of the Columbia $1000 for the Chehalis river $2000 for the Cowlitz river $2000 for the Skagit Stellaguamish, Nootsack Snohomish and Snoqualmie rivers $10,000

Hermann succeeded in having the committee insert a clause providing for a survey of the dalles of the Columbia river with a view to the construction of a boat railway the cost of the survey to be paid out of the contingent fund of $100 000. There was opposition to the project in the committee some claiming, that the survey made years ago for another purpose would answer this. Others held that it was not the province of the river and harbor committee to order surveys for railways.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS BILL

As passed by the house makes a provision of $ 000 for the examination and investigation of Indian depredation claims. The time of filing said claims is extended to January 1 1888.

PERSONAL.

Bishop B. Wistar Morris wife and daughter are spending the month of January in Washington.

T. C. J.

MATTERS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

SEALSKIN PHILANTHROPISTS

WASHINGTON Jan 6.—The Methodist Episcopal conference of West Virginia has sent a most piteous appeal to congress which was presented to the house to day praying that action be taken at once, to protect the inoffensive Chinese in California Oregon and Washington territory from the ungodly and barbarie treatment that they are there receiving. It recites outrages which it claims are of an organized character against the persons and property of this meek and defenseless people. Printed circulars are being sent to all associations of ministers in the East asking them to raise their voices to congress in a protest against the treatment that the Chinese are now suffering on the Pacific coast.

BEECHER GETS ANOTHER APPOINTMENT

WASHINGTON Jan 6.—Capt. Herbert L. Beecher was to day appointed special agent of the treasury department for Oregon and Washington territory with headquarters either at Portland or Port Townsend. Mr. Beecher is a son of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher of New York.

SENATE

WASHINGTON Jan 6.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate to day: Thomas C. Manning of Louisiana, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Mexico. Hugh A. Dinsmore of Arkansas minister and resident consul general to Corea. Robert I. Neilbreth of California vice-consul at Apia.

Among the memorials presented in the senate to-day and referred were one following: By Hunnicutt of the committee of the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church praying congress to provide for obtaining statistics of marriage and divorce.

By Blair a large number from various organizations in all parts of the country, asking legislation to prevent the violation of the Sabbath in running railroad trains.

Among bills introduced and referred was the following by Vance: To protect miners in the district of Columbia.

NICARAGUA CANAL

Edmunds from the committee on foreign relations, reported a bill to incorporate the Maritime Canal company of Nicaragua calendar.

The bill provides that the company shall not be managed by eleven directors citizens of the United States and Nicaragua, and that the tolls shall not exceed $2 50 per ton of freight; that the United States may exercise such control over the canal as is not inconsistent with treaty obligations and that the power to alter amend or repeal the act shall be reserved to congress.

The report accompanying the bill says that it is in the highest degree desirable that this transit should be under the influence if it cannot be under the control of the United States looking to the large benefits not only to the United States and to the republic of Nicaragua and her sister republics but also to the commerce and inter communication of the whole sisterhood of civilized governments on the globe, the committee recommends the passage of the bill in the hope that the resources and enterprise of private citizens of our country may be enabled to accomplish this great work, even if our government itself is not yet ready to undertake it.

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY

Senator Sherman reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations an amendment intended to be proposed to the sundry civil appropriation bill to provide for the expense of a preliminary reconnoissance to be made under the direction of the secretary of the navy to examine the configuration of the conventional boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia following the coast from Portland channel to the 141st meridian and to ascertain and report how far the natural features of the country permit the accurate location of the line of demarkation contemplated by the treaty of 1825 ceding Alaska to the United States.

CAPTAIN CRAWFORD'S DEATH

Anderson brought before the senate the case of the claim against Mexico for the killing of Capt Emmet Crawford in command of U. S. troops in pursuit of Geronimo by Mexican troops in Mexico in January 1886 stating that a stronger and more urgent bill for indemnity should be made for the relief of Capt Crawford's heirs. The bill was referred.

THE PACIFIC FUNDING BILL

The senate then took up the resolution offered yesterday by McPherson calling on the secretary of the treasury for a statement of the indebtedness of the Pacific railway companies to the government and as to the effect of the funding bill thereon.

Hoar withdrew his amendment calling for an additional statement as to disputed questions before the committee, but said he considered the inquiry his object would be equally effected under the original resolution.

Edmunds said the report of the commissioner of railroads (Mr. Johnston) answered every question in the resolution completely fully and in detail. As to the latter part of the resolution it rejected merely an opinion on the subject of action. If the senate or congress of New Jersey wanted it he (Edmunds) had no objection.

The resolution was then agreed to.

PENSIONER'S MISFORTUNE LOAN

The senate then took up Mitchell of Pennsylvania's bill to pay the bill giving a pension of $8000 a year to the widow of Gen. Hancock as amended by a committee. Mitchell stated that the bill proposed to do what was done for the widows of Gens. Hancock and Thomas.

Maxey of Texas said he would refer to have a careful examination of the bill. There was a great difference between the case of Gen. Logan and the case of Gen. Hancock and Thomas who left their lives in the army. He saw no reason why Congress should not do right that the case of Gen. Logan should not receive the same relief as that of other citizens. If he understood it rightly the house had which he did not think would be a precedent for this widow.

Mitchell said he had been requested by Gen. Logan's family to withdraw five times and that is the only reason why he did not do so; but had now resumed one. He based this bill on the principle that a pensioner should be allowed to sell or will his pension. He read the effects of disease on this contract in the service during the war. He referred to the analogous case of the widow of Admiral Farragut. He stated that Gen. Logan had contracted disease which would finally prove fatal. He was now confined to his house and could not live but few months. He had recently had a letter from Gen. Hancock's widow in which she said she would gratefully accept the pension committee that Gen. Logan's death was due to his cause that the committee did not take the trouble to go further into the subject.

PENSION FOR MRS. FRANK P. BLAIR

Vest offered an amendment fixing the pension of the widow of Francis P. Blair at $2000 asserting that if the widow of any man were to be paid out of the treasury in proportion to his services it was the widow and family of Francis P. Blair.

At the request of Hawley and other senators, he withdrew the amendment and then the bill passed without discussion. Vest thereupon introduced a bill increasing the pension of Mrs. Blair from $50 a month to $2000 a year and at his request the bill was immediately considered and passed.

TREATY WITH CHINA

On motion of Edmunds the bill to carry into effect the treaty with China for the suppression of the opium traffic was taken up and passed without division.

A bill granting to the Kansas, Texas & South western Railway company the right of way across Fort Hayes military reservation was taken up and passed.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE

The senate then resumed consideration of the interstate commerce bill.

Platt continuing his address on the inter state commerce bill said that senators were not here to make a raid on the railroad's property. They were here to do justice by the railroads and by the people. An unremunerative rate was just as unreasonable and injurious as too high a rate and the railroad companies would have to see to it (if the public welfare was to be promoted,) that remunerative rates for freight and passengers were received. He did not desire to see fictitious or unremunerative railroads that produced panics millionaires and paupers in this country. He claimed that the bill was in the direction of forcing the consolidation of railroad companies and said that some railroad men believed in that as the best outcome of the railroad problem. No truer sentence had ever been uttered than that where combination is possible competition is impossible. This bill left open and invited the worst kind of combination—the consolidation of railroad corporate capital. What were railroads to do if prohibited from making pooling arrangements. Experience taught that the old rate wars would begin again and the end of it would be as it always had been, consolidation. The monopolies of this country had been built on the graves of weak competitors. This bill invited a state of monopoly of railroad capital in this country which would be built on the graves of the railroads that are not able to stand in competition.

Morgan opposed the bill. After some further debate and after an executive session the senate adjourned.

CONFIRMATION

The senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Lyman E. Postmaster at Salida Colorado.

HOUSE

WASHINGTON Jan. 6.—In committee of the whole the house consideration of the pension appropriation bill with appropriations $ 82 50 being onis $ 000 below the estimates. The reduction being taken for the rent of offices for pension agencies. Without amendment or discussion the bill was reported to the house and passed.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

The house committee on elections to-day finally acted upon the contested election case of Page vs. Hiscock. The Rhode Island case and kindred cases of Indiana. A majority of the committee decided that neither of the Rhode Island parties are entitled to the seat. A minority report will be made to the house recommending that the sitting republican member Steele be awarded the seat. In the Indiana case the committee report will be unanimous in favor of the right of Steele republican to retain his seat.

T. C. J.

The house committee on civil service reform today instructed Chairman Cox to report favorably to the house the senate bill to repeal the tenure of office act.

NAVAL REPORT AVOIDANCE

The house committee on naval affairs—went into committee of the whole Springer of Illinois in the chair—on the reorganization bill. Sayers of Texas advocated the measure. He proceeded to draw a horrible picture of a navy too weak to fight itself or to protect any and of navy yards unless, and was not only utterly incapable of constructing first class war vessels and tracing the causes of the worthlessness and decay to the errors in the organization of the navy. He fortified his position with extracts from the expressed opinions of Secretaries Whitney and Chandler. He stated that the opposition to the measure was directed to that feature which provided for the consolidation of the bureaus of engineering and recruiting of steam engineering and of construction and repair. But for the consolidation of those three bureaus there would be no obstacle to the passage of the bill.

Boutelle of Maine, opposed the bill. The existing organization of the navy was adequate to all the needs of the present and all probable requirements of the future. Proceeding to a discussion of its details he severely criticised the feature which he declared would break down the autocracy of a first class engineering bureau at the very hour when the country was looking to it to place the American navy in advance of the best achievements of the world.

McAdoo of New Jersey favored the bill.

Pending further debate, the committee rose and the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS

BONDS SECURING BANK CIRCULATION

WASHINGTON Jan 6.—There is still on deposit in the United States treasury to secure the circulation of the national banks the sum of $3 084 500 in called 3 per cent. bonds which have matured. These bonds are held by 146 banks and are all in circulation. Calls from the 122d, which matured February 1 1886 to and including the 144th, which matured December 1, 1886. The amount withheld by the banks under each of the calls is as follows: ff $25 000 124 $84 000, 134th $85,500, 135th, $24 500 136th $11 500 137th $100 950 138th, $13,500 139th $11 000 140th $1 301 100 141st, $237 000, 142d $678 000 143d $288 800 and 144th, $852,600. In view of the fact that the general opinion that coin interest bearing bonds cannot be used as a basis for national bank circulation considerable interest is felt as to the probable course of the treasury department towards the banks holding the bonds in question. Mr. Trenholm, comptroller of the currency was this afternoon questioned as to what steps he proposed to take in this matter and he said he would probably ask the attorney general for advice before taking any radical action. He was now engaged he said in making a list of the banks and the amount of matured bonds held by each and he would like to consult with the heads of the government as to what it was his duty to do next. Under the circumstances he was disposed to be lenient with the banks but he felt he could no longer delay enforcing strict compliance with the laws bearing on the subject of national bank securities. He did not apprehend any trouble with the banks as he thought they would do their duty in the premises as soon as it was made clear to them. From other sources it was claimed that the banks will be allowed a week or ten days more within which to replace the matured bonds after which time all banks in default in this respect will be proceeded against, attention being paid first to those longest in default.

DEPUTATION INQUIRENDO

WASHINGTON Jan 7.—In response to a writ of *de lunatico inquirendo* issued by Judge Jamieson the petition of Prof Emmons, a jury was summoned by the marshal to day to try the question of the sanity of the professor's wife Mrs. Weltha Emmons whose recent eccentricities here and in Europe have recently been the subject of much newspaper comment. Prof Emmons was represented by Mr Linden Kent as counsel and Mrs Emmons by Mr H W Garnett. Mr Kent in the opening address to the jury in which he reviewed at length Mrs and Mrs Emmons' married life. Mrs Emmons he said soon after his married life began to show distressing symptoms of epilepsy and as long ago as 1880 she exhibited eccentricities which led her friends to believe her mind was unsound.

Mr Garnett addressed the jury on behalf of Mrs Emmons. He said he appeared in this case as the result of an appeal from Mr Lincoln to save the woman from an insane asylum. He said he would show that the actions of Mrs Emmons at the various times referred to were not regarded as being out of the ordinary. He would also show that this charge of insanity was made but until after Mrs Emmons had discovered that her husband was unfaithful to her. In June 1884 she found a woman in Philadelphia with whom her husband had had relations and she refused from this woman's name of Mr Emmons knew. It would show that it was one of the conditions of the agreement of separation in 1886 that she should surrender these letters. She did surrender them and it was a significant fact that she found a change to have her self accused insane before that time. Then said Mr Garnett Emmons had the letters and she had lost her control. Mrs Butler into in a mad house who would have been sent there by Emmons.

PRISONER'S DESTROYER.

NEW YORK Jan 6.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Capt C. A. Bushnell who secured the release on the first monitor during the rebellion was in Washington several days. He has charge of presenting the claims of the great inventor's latest discovery in the way of a rifle cannon of destruction. The details will not be given out for the present, for the benefit of the enemy. He wants the committee to act at once so that they can have the benefit of their services and supervision. The bill he will ask a board of officers to examine the merits of the gun shows along across their backs keeping time to the music of the best band that can be found in Montreal. The visiting clubs are all from Lower Canada cities. There are from 15 to 18 and they will be the guests of the Ortiani snowshoe club of New York. Mayor Hewitt will review them from the steps of the city hall this afternoon after which they will be entertained by the different executives.

A QUAINT EATER.

LOUISVILLE Jan 7.—A special to the *Courier Journal* from Campbellsville Ky says: G. C. Sierra of this place has accomplished the remarkable feat of eating sixty quail in thirty consecutive days and in all eating the birds which with a small quantity of vegetables are his only diet. He ate two each day and had been cooked in different ways, stewed, fried or fricasseed. John R. Davis and W. D. Rankin have put up $500 on the latter backing their opinion that Sierra can eat eighty birds in thirty days while Davis says he cannot.

A WEALTHY MAN'S WILL.

DETROIT Jan. 6.—The will of the late J. S. Newberry was read to night. His estate amounts to $2 500 000. To the widow is bequeathed $1,000 000 in stocks and bonds, besides the homestead, the summer residence at Grosse Point and the personal property. He leaves a large amount in small sums to his employes. The residue is divided into five parts of which four go to the four children and the fifth is vested in the widow, except the payment of certain legacies, but he says his wife will understand that the property is to be used liberally for educational and benevolent purposes. Several amounts are specified, including $40 000 to local charities $10 000 each to the boards of the home and foreign missionaries of the Presbyterian church and to the trustees of the board of education of the Presbyterian church, and $5000 to the Presbyterian board of publication for Sabbath school work, besides smaller amounts, which bring the total specified to $90 000, while the total amount intended for benevolent purposes is much larger.

"A BRAND FROM THE BURNING"

WASHINGTON Jan 6.—The president received a call to day from a young man whom he had recently pardoned from the penitentiary. When the president saw his card he recognized the name and directed that the visitor be shown in. The young man said he lived some distance from Washington but had come here in order to personally thank the president for restoring him to liberty and to his family and also to assure him that in future his conduct would convince the president that his clemency had not been misapplied. The president greeted his visitor very kindly, and after inquiring into his past life and future prospects advised him to take himself a useful place in society, telling him that it is never too late to reform and that there is plenty of room for him in the world.

SMALLPOX IN BROOKLYN

NEW YORK Jan 6.—Joseph Mauri a Brooklyn druggist and his entire family were taken seriously ill a day or two ago, and three of his children died. There was much mystery about the cause of their illness and the doctors proceeded on the theory that they had been poisoned by something which they had eaten. To settle this question conclusively however a post mortem examination of the bodies of the dead children was had to-day, and it was made evident to the doctors across, that their deaths were caused by hemorrhagic small pox. Other members of the family will probably die.

TOO MUCH WORTHLESS STOCK

NEW YORK Jan 6.—Hannah H. Wheeler as assignee of Martin Kalbfleisch & Sons, filed schedules of the firm to day in the court of common pleas. They show liabilities of $64,140 with contingent liabilities of $9 483 or a total of $676,600, with nominal assets amounting to $378,875. The firm held considerable mining stocks which are now worthless. The dynamite projectile which the firm hoped to sell to the government is the basis of the United States Dynamite Projectile company, and the stock of this company is worthless.

AN ANTI-RENT'S RESIGNATION.

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—Cornelius Vanderbilt has earned the gratitude of the army of New York Central employes by the announcement that there will be wages provided shortly to erect a stately structure opposite the Grand Central depot in Forty-second street for their use, the various apartments of which will be furnished as libraries, reading rooms baths gymnasiums, lecture rooms, and in fact everything that could be desired for entertainment innocent amusement education, and nurture of Christian principles.

A FRIENDLY SUIT.

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—Timothy Hogan a steerage who has done all of the work for the Monarch steamship company and is one of its directors, on Wednesday morning began a friendly suit in Trenton to protect his interest in accumulated claims against that company amounting to $100,000. A libel for that amount was placed on the steamer Indian Monarch which was to sail to-morrow. Her sailing was deferred until Saturday in the hope that a satisfactory settlement may be made meanwhile.

FIRE IN MACHINE WORKS.

MILWAUKEE Jan. 6.—The Reliance machine works of the E. P. Allis company caught fire to-night in the core room of the foundry department. The fire blazed fiercely for two hours, but was controlled by the foundry building its progress being stayed by a wall. E. P. Allis Jr. a member of the firm, estimates the loss at $250 000. The works are covered by a blanket insurance policy of $400,000. Three hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment.

NOW WHO WROTE BEAUTIFUL SNOW?

CINCINNATI Jan. 6.—Professor Joseph Tasso, a celebrated violinist, died at his home in Covington to-day. He was born in Italy eighty five years ago but early in life came to Mexico and thence to the United States. He had become famous throughout the country by reason of the composition of a quaint melody the Arkansaw Traveler."

WAGES OF STEEL WORKERS ADVANCED.

PITTSBURG Jan. 6.—The wages question at the Edgar Thompson steel works was finally settled to day by an arbitration committee, and work will be resumed in all the departments next Monday. The new scale advances wages on a general average of 10 per cent. These works employ over 3000 men.

GAS EXPLOSION

YOUNGSTOWN O. Jan. 6.—A natural gas explosion at Coitsville this morning destroyed the new Andrews block and four other buildings. Thomas Brannigan aged 19 years, was cremated and several others are reported missing. The Baptist church is also in ruins. The loss will be over $100 000.

NORTH STREET CAR TROUBLES.

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—It is predicted that a tie-up will occur in Brooklyn within forty-eight hours on the lines of the Brooklyn City company and the Broadway company unless their recently issued time tables are modified.

NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—At a meeting of the directors of the Academy of Music yesterday it was decided to sell the building at auction as soon as the details can be arranged.

ADVERTISING AGENT FAILS

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—The failure of E. Duncan Sniffen advertising agent, was announced to-day. Liabilities amount to about $100,000 assets cannot yet be ascertained.

POLITICAL

MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNOR.

BOSTON Jan. 6.—The inauguration exercises occurred at the state house to-day. Both branches of the legislature met at 11 o clock in joint convention. Many prominent invited guests were present. The oath of office was administered to the governor and secretary by the president of the senate after which Gov. Ames delivered his inaugural address. He said that during the past year deposits in savings banks had increased $16 000 000 which was greater than for any year since 1875. The number of depositors had increased 60 000. He recommended that the whole body of Sunday laws be carefully revised and amended, so as to make them accord with the spirit of the age and render it possible to enforce them.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 6.—The two houses of the legislature met and organized at 10 o clock this morning. Interest centered in the senate at which there was a large crowd. Green Smith appeared and took the chair with State Auditor Rice acting as clerk. The republicans endeavored to protest but they were not allowed to be heard, and, without the republicans voting at all, but being counted as present, the democrats canvas nominees were elected, and prepared rules were adopted that gave the majority all the power.

In the house the republican nominees were elected Hon W. G. Sayre being chosen speaker, but beyond formal no business was transacted.

MINNESOTA'S NEXT SENATOR.

ST. PAUL Jan. 6.—Many members of the legislature attended the republican joint caucus on United States senator to-night. Just before taking the first ballot a letter from Senator McMillan was read withdrawing from the contest. On the first ballot ex Gov Cushman K. Davis received 93 votes and Gordon E. Cole 1. The nomination was made unanimous. This secures the election of Davis on the 18th.

HOLMAN TO ENTER THE SENATORIAL CONTEST

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 6.—Congressman W. S. Holman reached this city to-night, and made a formal announcement of his intention to enter the democratic senatorial contest. It is understood that neither party will caucus for a senator until the lieutenant governorship question is settled. A caucus will probably not be held before Thursday night.

MISSOURI SENATORSHIP

ST. LOUIS Jan. 6.—The democratic members of the state legislature held a caucus to-night at Jefferson City and nominated Mr. Cockrell for re-election to the United States senate.

MICHIGAN'S NEXT SENATOR.

LANSING Mich. Jan. 6.—The republican legislative caucus to-night nominated Francis B. Stockbridge of Kalamazoo for U. S. senator on the tenth ballot.

RAILROAD NOTES.

THE O. R. & N. LEASE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad company at a meeting to-day, voted against the proposed lease of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company property jointly with the Union Pacific Railway company, on a basis of 6 per cent on the stock. Two of the directors who have been earnest advocates of a joint lease were unavoidably absent. It is understood that the vote on the question was five to four. The directors unanimously voted to continue negotiations with the Union Pacific for harmonious traffic relations in Oregon and Washington territory.

NEW ROAD IN ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK Jan. 6.—Organization of the Louisiana Arkansas & Missouri Railway company was effected to day with Cooper of New York president and Logan H. Roots of Little Rock vice-president. The capital stock is $2,500 000. The road is to begin at Brinkley Arkansas on the Memphis & Little Rock railway and run to the Louisiana line. Its total length is to be 262 miles.

SPINAL DISEASE AND WEAK LUNGS,

The world is full of persons afflicted with weak backs and weak lungs. In the following letter Mrs. T. Crockett, of Mossy Creek, Va., tells how she was cured of those troubles.

I have used ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS for ten years or more for weak back (spinal affection) and weak lungs, and I can say with perfect truth that I have been greatly benefited by them. In fact, I don't believe that I could get along without them, certainly not for any length of time. I have been the cause of many others wearing them, who have been greatly benefited.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND FRIDAY JAN 1887

THE FASTER QUESTION

If the report be true that Germany and Russia have formed an alliance which pledges Russia to neutrality in case of another Franco-German war and Germany to neutrality in case of an Austro-Russian war, then the Eastern question, the most interesting as well as the most threatening problem in the future of Europe, will probably be settled as Russia wants it. Its rivalry and mutual distrust of Russia and England are of comparatively recent birth. During the great Napoleonic wars, from 1803 to 1815, Russia and England united were the ruin of the hero of Austerlitz. Russia's fanatically brave soldiers and the mighty armies which England's money kept in the field were a perpetual thorn in the side of Napoleon. England's fleet swept the seas as completely as Van Tromp's besom did the English channel under Charles Second. When England under Abercrombie was expelling the French from Egypt, the armies of Russia, under Suwarrow, were whipping the French under Macdonald and Joubertat the Trebbia and at Novi, and had it not been for Massena's victory at Zurich the Russians would have invaded France. In 1806 & the Russians fought against Napoleon, while Nelson annihilated his navy at Trafalgar. In 1807 the Russians fought a terrible drawn battle with Napoleon at Eylau. The victory of the French at Friedland compelled Russia to make peace. Austria and Prussia were easily humbled and kept in subjection after the great campaigns of Jena in 1808 and Wagram in 1809. England under Wellington kept "pegging away" at Napoleon's flank in Spain during 1808-9-10-11, and the victories of Vimeira, Talavera, Busaco and Fuentes d'Onoro encouraged Russia to defy Napoleon in 1812 and precipitated the great Moscow expedition. While Napoleon was pushing for Russia, England was striking Napoleon's flank fatally in Spain. Wellington added Salamanca, Vittoria and Toulouse to his victories. He had whipped in turn Junot, Massena, Ney, Victor, Marmont and Jourdan. England and Russia were implacable foes of Napoleon, his irreconcilable, indomitable foes, between whom he was eventually ground to powder. England's fleets and money, her soldiers in Spain, and Russia's steady valor were the ruin of Napoleon. Russia had the long, deep hate for Napoleon of the hound for the wolf. When Prussia and Austria were sunk in despair the courage and faith of England and Russia never flagged, and finally the repulse from Moscow and Wellington's success in Spain roused Prussia and Germany out of the deep of despair to make one more supreme effort, and Napoleon was overthrown. It is a curious historical fact that England and Russia, firm friends and allies through the Napoleonic wars, were firm friends for nearly all the forty years of peace enjoyed by England in Europe from Waterloo to the Crimean war. Peter the Great did not make Russia one of the great powers of Europe, but Catherine the Second, the greatest woman who ever sat on a throne, not excepting Elizabeth of England, did place Russia in the first rank of European states. In 1853 Emperor Nicholas told England's minister at St. Petersburg that while he would not occupy Constantinople he would not permit England to do so, or any other great power, but if England wanted Egypt or Cyprus he would make no objection. He wanted Servia and Bulgaria, with their Christian people, made independent states under his protection, like the Danubian principalities. He was ready, he said, to divide "the sick man's" goods before the breath was out of his body. England refused this proposition for the spoliation of Turkey. Nicholas invaded Turkey's Danubian provinces. England, whose policy then was to maintain the integrity of the Ottoman empire as a buffer between Russia's advance in Asia and her Indian empire, went to the help of Turkey. Napoleon the Third joined England, not because he cared a button about the controversy, but because he wanted to give the flippant, excitable, volatile French people something to talk about. Under the treaty of 1841 in time of peace no foreign ships of war were admitted to the Bosphorus or the Dardanelles.

Under this treaty of 1841 Russia's war ships were completely corked up in the Black sea, which was a big bottle with a small neck, and Turkey was permitted at her will to keep it tightly stopped. No wonder Russia went to war, it was worth going to war about. But she was beaten, and the treaty of Paris of 1856 reaffirmed the odious Black sea clauses of that of 1841, and Russia ceded Bessarabia to the protection of the Turk. Russia saw her chance in 1870, when France and Prussia were in the death grapple, and abruptly announced that she would no longer submit to that article of the treaty of 1856 which interdicted her having any vessels of war in the Black sea or maintaining any military or maritime arsenals on its shores. England remonstrated, but a conference of the powers signatory to the treaty of 1856 was held in 1871, and this obnoxious clause of the treaty of Paris was abrogated. In 1878, only twenty-two years after the treaty of Paris, Russia and Turkey were at war again. By this time there was not much left of the situation under which the treaty was framed. Servia had become practically independent, and the Danubian provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia had become Roumania. Bosnia and Montenegro were in insurrection so was Bulgaria, stimulated by Russia's intrigues among the Christian subjects of the porte, who were of Slav and Greek blood and devotees of the Greek church. Turkey got no help from England this time because Gladstone's eloquent denunciation of the Bulgarian massacres made an alliance with Turkey too odious to be borne. Turkey was beaten, and Constantinople would have fallen but for Baconsfield's action in sending the fleet to the Dardanelles with a command to Russia to halt. The treaty of Berlin was signed. It gave Russia back Bessarabia lost in 1856, recognized the complete independence of Roumania, Servia and Montenegro, it gave Bosnia and Herzegovina to Austria, it created the provinces of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia, tributary to the sultan, to be ruled by a prince to be elected by the people, subject to the assent of the great powers and the confirmation of the sultan. Under this treaty Russia recovered all she had lost by the Crimean war. The Black sea was open to her war flag and its shores to her arsenals. Bessarabia was restored. England got Cyprus from Turkey for her interference. At this day not much is left of the treaty of Berlin. Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia have become united and Russia has succeeded in making a farce of the popular election of its prince. She has cajoled the sultan into an assent to her practical dictation in Bulgarian affairs. She has forced a popular prince to abdicate, has dictated the nomination of an unpopular prince and political puppet as his successor, and to-day is reported to have secured the neutrality of the greatest military power of Europe in case Austria should offer any warlike resistance to the further imposition of the will of the czar on the free people of Bulgaria. It is a curious fact that Russia, who was the ally of England up to Waterloo, at peace with England up to 1854, should to-day be England's most subtle foe and her most successful rival in diplomatic supremacy. If Russia has really secured the neutrality of Germany, the complete victory of her policy in Bulgaria and of her purpose to emasculate the treaty of Berlin as completely as she did that of Paris is only a question of brief time. Russia is destined to absorb Bulgaria and probably all the Danubian provinces before many years, as completely as she has Circassia and Turcomania.

There would seem to be no good reason why the police commissioners, who meet about once a month, should cause the city to pay $20 to a clerk for keeping the minutes of each and every meeting they hold. The bill for this alleged service during the past year was $300—no great sum, it is true, but just $300 more than was just or necessary. The amount of business done by the police commissioners is not so great but that one of their number might keep the minutes—that is, if they are worth keeping, which very many doubt.

The total amount of freight handled at St. Paul during the year 1886 was 2,795,260 tons.

THE OPIUM BUSINESS

Senator Edmunds has a bill before congress to prohibit the importation of opium into China by American citizens and into the United States by Chinese subjects. This bill is an attempt to comply with one of the provisions of the Chinese treaty of 1880. A similar bill passed the senate in 1884, but failed of action in the house. The bill will fail again probably, as the part of China to prohibit the importation of opium failed against England in the early years of Victoria's reign, when that great Christian power waged three wars to force [illegible] against China. England, of course, whipped China, as she added [illegible] as a war in defiance of religious sentiment. The opium war of 1840 was a fitting sequel to the [illegible] of Lord Macartney's embassy to China in 1793. Macartney was refused admittance to the Celestial empire unless he would [illegible] and humiliate himself before the emperor. He refused to do this, and was dismissed with contempt. Lord Amherst's embassy in 1816 was treated with similar contempt. The Chinese government tried to put down this opium traffic, as highly detrimental to the morals [illegible] of the people. China tried to do what America, if she was a despotic government, controlled by prohibitionists, might attempt to do in the exclusion from our ports of all forms of alcohol save those employed in the arts and sciences, or for medicinal purposes. If America, as a despotism, had attempted the exclusion of all importation of alcohol from England and England had sent an army and a fleet and sacked and burned our seaports, and made us pay a war indemnity for our insolence in refusing to let our people buy all the English intoxicants they wished, we should have a lively picture of the origin and conduct of the "opium war" with China, waged by England in 1839. China forbade all traffic in opium, and yet the English traders persisted in defying the laws of China. The situation has been accurately compared to a company of English merchants distilling and selling whisky in Portland, Maine, in defiance of the state laws, and, upon the authorities of Maine attempting to enforce the law, the English government sending an ironclad fleet to compel Maine to submit to the defiance of her laws by the English company. The Chinese government declared the opium of the British traders forfeit and destroyed it, just as the Maine authorities would have seized and spilled the contraband alcohol of the supposititious English whisky firm. The English commercial agent sent to India for ships of war to protect the traders and their property they came, and war broke out. The war was so clearly unjust that the ministry were attacked in parliament and only escaped defeat by a majority of nine votes in a three days debate. The war went on the Chinese, then ill armed and helpless, were horribly massacred by Sir Hugh Gough's troops, who captured Ningpo and Amoy, and were before Nankin when the wretched Chinese made peace on terms of England's unconditional dictation. England secured the cession in perpetuity of the island of Hong Kong, and compelled China to throw open to British trade the five ports of Canton, Amoy, Foo Chow, Ningpo and Shanghai—besides paying $22,500 000 war indemnity and $7 500 000 for the opium forfeited and destroyed under Chinese law. England treated China, her laws and her international rights with the same contempt for the rights of the weak and the defenceless that is characteristic of the Anglo-Saxon race, and America treats China to day with the same contempt for her legal rights under the treaty of 1880. The treaty binds us to enforce the prohibition of opium importations to China, and yet congress will not pass a bill to provide the appropriate legislation. The bill of Senator Edmunds will not pass, for we are of the same blood and feel the same selfish indifference to the rights of all weak governments that England felt in 1838 when she perpetrated that frightful outrage on the law of the nations known as the "opium war."

A CALL FROM IDAHO.

The attention of Portland may well be called to a letter from Idaho, which we print to-day. If men of Portland are going to take measures to make the city a factor in the business and industry of the vast country lying in the basin of the upper Columbia and its tributaries, there are no points they can afford to lose. Here is a problem, not only for our merchants, but for our producers of fruit, lumber woolen goods, tools, mining and mill machinery, etc. The interior market can not be secured unless an effort is made for it. Will men of Portland make the effort, or will they let the business go to those of more energy, who are two or three times as distant from it? In pressing these things upon the attention of our people THE OREGONIAN does its duty. Is the time that any action will be taken, or thought given to it, necessarily a hopeless one. Has Portland all the trade she wants. We hear of men in Portland struggling with each other to get a share of investments which, as they think, promise a "sure thing" in cent-per cent. but it may be feared that the old disinclination to attempt anything where energy activity and vigor are required, remains. Is it going to be so always? Is the fact that Portland is too rich and has too many opportunities going to prove a drawback to her, by making her sluggish and indolent, and by preventing her from real daring that rivalry is possible, and that enterprise and spirit, though poor in financial resources, will always triumph over indolent optimism and sluggish confidence? This great Northwest country is destined to speedy and rapid development throughout its borders and the question from which Portland cannot escape is this, to wit: Is she going to lead the movement, or she easily can, or will she be content to fall any where between the head and foot of the line as chance may appoint or indolence deserve.

THE WILLAMETTE BRIDGE.

PORTLAND JA

[illegible] And now as we say and [illegible] all they want now is to have the county buy the bridge in process of construction near as the Willamette to [illegible] city and East Portland and make it a free bridge. I would like well to do, if little consideration to orchard and long, but between the gentlemen who were watching the work on the bridge. After looking on for a few months [illegible] of them said to the other "Jim that looks to me like a shingy bridge and I'll bet you a new hat that there will be a petition before the legislature before five years for the county to buy that bridge for one enormous amount, and they will work it all right if it be done."

Almost every one in this town wants a bridge across the Willamette and we want a good one, but we don't want any shingle bridge. We believe the company is called the Willamette Iron Bridge company but if that is an iron bridge my eyes deceive me.

Many people suppose the wooden beams of the support but false work, but they are not. They are the iron bridge itself. I don't own any interest in any ferry, but I don't want the county to buy that bridge and pay an enormous amount for it. But it looks as if the first part of that gentleman's prophecy was about true. As long as they have got the piers all in I say let them finish it and let the people pay to go across if they want to but no free bridge for the present. J. I. HAWTHORNE.

A Lovely Complexion.

What a lovely complexion, we often hear persons say. I wonder what she does for it. In every case the purity and real loveliness of the complexion depends up n the blood. Those who have sallow, blotchy faces may make their skin smooth and clear by using enough of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to drive out the humors lurking in the system.

TOLEDO NOTES

TOLEDO Jan

A difficulty occurred a Winlock Monday between Jack Neale and Frank Frost, resulting in the former being knocked down and kicked while falling and to wind up the matter Frost hit Nealey's nose a most off leaving it hanging by only a small piece of skin.

WILL PORTLAND AWAKE?

Mr Hol has decided to build a saw mill just below T on the west side immediately. He will add other machinery during the summer.

A Cure for Pneumonia

Mr D H Barnaby of Oswego N Y says that his daughter was taken with a violent cold which terminated with Pneumonia and all the best physicians gave the case up and said she could live but a few hours at most. She was in this condition when a friend recommended DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and advised her to try it. She accepted it as a last resort, and was surprised to find that it gradually and a marked change for the better, and by persevering a permanent cure was effected.

WILL PORTLAND AWAKE?

A Call from the Great Mineral Belt of Southern Idaho.

Mining Industry in a Promising State—Rich Development—A Market for Oregon's Products Loud Call upon Portland.

DONIPHAN Idaho J

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

To the outside world generally it is understood that this part of Idaho known as the Wood River country, with Salem Boise and not until about a year ago many of the people of the camp doubted that any mineral [illegible] could exist in or near what be found in this section. Along Wood river and the close adjoining hills on each side for several miles in width and sixty miles in length in a limestone formation are to [illegible] many rich [illegible] which comprise the mineral [illegible] These mines were discovered and worked mostly by [illegible] and possibly [illegible] but [illegible] and not until [illegible] have they been opened [illegible] prove their true value. One mine the Minnie Moore has recently been sold to an English company for $ 60 000 has been found to [illegible] and has been paying a large interest in the investment from the beginning, and has at this writing an estimated value of $1 000 000 worth of ore in sight.

Besides this mine there are several others that are paying handsomely and [illegible] Besides the [illegible] highly satisfactory prospects of [illegible] when depth has been attained. We had a conversation with the leading superintendents of these mines a few days ago and learned that all the ores are shipped either to Denver Omaha or other points farther east for smelting and they were much surprised when we informed them that Portland had commenced the erection of smelting works and were anxious to know the capacity of them rates of freight etc. The distance from here to Omaha is 1250 miles to Denver 800 miles to Kansas City 1470 miles to Chicago 1890 miles to Portland Or 680 miles. Hailey is the county seat of Alturas county situated on Wood river on the line of the Oregon Short Line railway having daily communication with both the East and West. Twelve miles west of Hailey is a district that just now is attracting the attention of capitalists more than any other part of this territory and is known as the

BIG CAMAS GOLD BELT.

In 1864 a party of prospectors from the rich camp of Rocky Bar came out into this section and finding a very large quartz ledge running across the country in an almost easterly and westerly direction located several claims upon it, calling it the Big Camas as from its rocky hight could be seen the great Camas prairie just below. The ledge was large and well defined and easily traced by heavy croppings for miles and was stained with the red oxide of iron [illegible] and filled with quantities of dark red bricks in the distance. Situated as far from supplies with but little experience in quartz mining but little development work was done but the hardy little band of prospectors constituted their work on one claim called the No. and succeeded in running a tunnel some 300 feet through solid granite rock having to timber every foot of the way, and cut into the ledge at a depth of 170 feet below the surface but as it was mixed with porphyry, and somewhat broken up the prospectors were discouraged although now the specimens of gold contained found in the ledge. Other gold discoveries being made in other parts of the territory, nothing more was done on the ledge did the rich discoveries over the mountains [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

...CTION AND COMMISSION.

GILMAN O. H. STEVENS.

GILMAN & CO.,

...ers and Commission Merchants
42 First st., bet. Pine and Ash.
...SALES of Real Estate, Furniture, General
...se, Horses, Cattle, Buggies, etc. Regular sale
...esday & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

...GULAR AUCTION SALE
...EHOLD FURNITURE, Etc.

...ill sell at our salesroom, No 42 First st.,
...RIDAY, JAN. 7 AT 10 A. M.,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
...SEHOLD FURNITURE
GILMAN & CO Auctioneers.

...L. B. RICHARDSON,
...TIONEER—Office No 12 Washington St.

Established 30 Years.

...Robers

—THE—

...ading Clothier,
...ERCHANT TAILOR
AND HATTER.
...irst and Alder, Portland.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO
...CHASE A HOUSE & LOT!
...WORTH $1000—FOR $150!

...ots, 50x100 feet in size, ranging in value
...150 to $300 to be sold as a whole for the
...price of $150 for each 50x100 feet,
...y installments of $10

...terest charged on deferred payments
...wo of these lots are houses and improve-
...worth $1000 and $800 respectively, each
...h will go for the price asked for one Lot.

...opperty is in the thriving town of Sell-
situated on the Willamette River, near
...d, has good, rapid and safe communica-
...a steamboat built expressly for the
...lands passengers on the river front at
...iness center of Portland. There are al-
...over 200 families living in Sellwood, 2 fur-
...factories running to their fullest capacities,
...mill, 3 stores, 1 hotel, good schools,
...es and other evidences of prosperity and
...ent improvement. The fare by steamer,
...e living in Sellwood, is only 5 cents to
...n Portland, which makes traveling as
...d pleasanter than by street cars.

...d and sufficient bond for a deed will be
...pon the payment of first installment of $10.
...vision of the property will take place
...he lots are all sold, and will be made in
...such a manner as shall be decided upon
...ajority of the purchasers, and a warranty
...ill be given for each lot after the division
...ment of last installment is made. It is
...te that this division be made at as early a
...possible, that purchasers desiring to
...e may know the exact location of their
...y.

...ns at a distance desiring to avail them-
...f this unparalleled offer can send the
...allment by registered letter, money or-
...express at my risk, and a bond will be
...lately forwarded

...nd for Maps showing location of this
...ty Address all communications to
F. C. GOODIN,
100 Front Street, Portland, Or.

Commercial Stationery,
Blank Books,
Diaries for 1887,
Calendar Pads,
Graves' Patent Indexes,
Raymond's Trial Balance Books.
Goodwin's Bookkeeping
How to Become Quick at Figures,

And Many Labor-Saving Devices for Office-Men and Merchants at

...Z. Gill & Co.
73 FIRST ST.

...Incorporated August 17 1888.
...ighest Price Paid for Gold, Silver
...n Lead Ores and Sulphurets.
...ES SAMPLED AND ASSAYED.
...ns based upon New York quotations on
day of settlement.
...der to prove to the development of Ore
...ies, we will make No Charges for Sampling,
...assaying Sample Lots of Ore not less than
...pounds in weight, upon which freight has
...prepaid to works
J. M. ARTHUR, Secy.
PORTLAND, OR.

...EL'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
Established 1871

...H. THIEL, Proprietor.

OFFICES
...LAND OR. R ... third floor Ladd
...ILDING and Second street,
...ACOMA ... and Second street,
...ATTLE ... American Bank Building.
...VER Tab... Block

...ENERAL DETECTIVE BUSINESS
...ducted for Corporations & Individuals.

M. C. SULLIVAN,
...anager Portland Office.
...3jan

...WING FONG TEI & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
...mission Merchants, dealers in Groce-
...s and Provisions, and Contractors
for Chinese Laborers.
...Second st., corner Yamhill, Portland.
...dian

Barnes' Foot Power Machinery.
Complete outfits for actual work-
...Shop business.
Scroll and Rip Saws, Lathes,
Mortising, Tenoning Machines,
...etc.
Descriptive price list free.
DAYTON & HALL,
AGENTS,
Portland, Oregon.

...TEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE
...Or, if not sold before, will be sold at Public
...Auction to the highest bidder,
...at half past 10 o'clock A. M. on
...Saturday, January 7, 1887,
...at the foot of Morrison street, Portland, Or.
...The steam launch "W. T. Lamb," built
...in 1882 at Portland, Or.; length over all
...45 feet, beam 9 feet, draught 3 feet, meas-
...ures 12 tons, 2 horse power Westinghouse
...engine, 6x8 feet, 10 to 11 miles per hour,
...present rate of speed. Now lying at foot of
...Morrison st. Terms of sale, cash in U. S.
...gold coin. Parties desiring to examine
...launch can do so by calling on the undersigned
...at any time before the day of sale.
...All inquiries addressed to the undersigned
...will be promptly answered.
...Whenever Depot, Portland, Or.
...Photograph of boat can be seen at the
...office of the undersigned.
...Capt. and A. G. M. S. T. Co.
...jan 7 2

DR. A. L. NICKLIN,
173 Washington st. Telephone No.

...Oregonian.

...OMAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND Jan 6 6 49 P M.

Place of Observation.	Height above Sea Level.	Time of Observation.	Barometer reduced to Sea Level.	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity in miles per hour.	State of Weather.
Baker City	3443	5 P M	29.33	SW	00	Cloudy
Boise City	2838	5 P M	29.40	S	00	Cloudy
Dalles	165	5 P M	29.24	W	00	Clear
Lakeview	4800	5 P M	29.60	N	00	Cloudy
Portland	50	5 P M	29.56	W	00	Cloudy
Roseburg	14	5 P M	29.68	SW	00	Clear
Salem		5 P M	29.58	N	00	Clear
Walla Walla		5 P M	29.87	SW	00	Cloudy
Yaquina		5 P M	29.96	S	00	Cloudy

Thermometer 40 minimum 40 0
Rainfall in last 24 hours 13 inches

TO-DAY'S WEATHER

...Francisco, Jan. 6—Indications for the
...hours commencing at 4 A M Jan
...Oregon and Washington territory Continued warm
...northwesterly winds, except local rains near the Oc-
...coast and Cape Flattery

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

...ed to arrive over the Northern Pa
...Mrs Warren H Landon and wife Miss I
...Nick E Ford, J B McLuscar and
...

...ed to arrive over the Short Line
...Miss Alice Hardy, Sam George and wife
...Mrs W. Cook, Mrs. C S Williamson and
...Miss Alice Harris, Sam George and wife
...Mrs. Lucy Harris, J. W Hudson P C Smith
...commercials.

...ed to arrive over the O & C
...W. E. Per, J. Lechler

...BRETHREN ORIENTAL MISSION

...ese Christmas festivals that glad
...day during the closing days of
...Chinese mission, corner of Second and
...st. The commodious nearly fur-
...by the general interest being shown by the
...ny of our best people from various
...of the city and from East Portland, and a
...large by that of good delegations of Chi
...and their teachers from the other mis

...entertainment for the eye, the ear
...the appetite. That for the eye be-
...moment one entered the hall, and consisted
...profusion of decorations most of
...were evergreen manner which were revolv-
...pieces, exhibiting expositions of human
...peculiarities of animal life—a veritable
...of all size and color. The ear was en-
...by sweet music, in most cases
...by two-reed music, in most cases
...carried by Mongolian voices with
...After appropriate opening ser-
...Rev. Mr. Merrier, of Salem, who was the
...of the establishment of the mission
...which followed the pro-
...Mrs Ngal recited Christmas
...Cook repeated the Thirty ninth
...Gone, Evening
...Coming Lee
...and Lee Yiek "Evening Prayer"
...Tsoung Hung about her character
...that my present state of life is a total wreck It
...I expect to see the sun of life soon I have re-
...ceived a little encouragement the past week and I
...hope it was a ray of the sun which will lead me
...into better states.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES HANDS.—Mrs A. S. Dunlway and Mr. H. R. Dunlway make the following announcement in the *New Northwest* of to-day:

The members of the Dunlway Publishing company have this day sold the *New Northwest* its plant, title, business and good will to Oliver Perry Mason. Maggie Allen and Lucca Mason who assume charge with the next issue. The *New Northwest* was established in this city sixteen years ago by Mrs. A. S. Dunlway, and has since been conducted by her with the assistance of her sons. Mrs. Dunlway has been tireless in her efforts to build up the paper which has been the champion of the cause of woman suffrage and by her abilities and assiduous labors has been able to publish an interesting and excellent journal and to place it on a sound financial basis. Mr. H. R. Dunlway who has been business manager of the paper is a young man of agreeable address and excellent business ability and is not likely to remain long in retirement.

EXCEPTIONS TO REFEREE'S REPORT.—Judge Stearns was engaged all day yesterday in hearing the argument on the exceptions to the report of C. H. Carter referee in the case of E. R. Lillienthal vs. Wm. Cavarith, the defendant. The referee decided that Fanny Holder's claim of $960 and odd dollars was without consideration and void, and to this she excepts. Cavarith contested his fees as referee. The exceptions are that the claims of the A. F. Hotaling Co., Gunnochio & Co., Goslinsky & Co. and Frapoli, amounting to $1050, take precedence to that of Lillienthal & Co. of $6000. To this Lillienthal objects. Before the referee plaintiffs were represented by Williams, Ach & Wood, and defendants by J. M. Hower and Alex. Bernstein, and yesterday before the court by additional counsel in the persons of J. M. Gearin and R. Williams.

CREATED AN UNDERTAKER.—It is not accounted a sin by some people to cheat a tailor and for that matter there are people including some tailors who do not think it a sin to cheat anybody but there are very few who deliberately attempt to cheat the undertaker. But a heathen Chinee of this city has done this thing. His cousin died and he went to the undertaker and ordered the remains to be taken charge of and properly buried which the undertaker proceeded to do. The man who ordered the funeral did not attend it and the undertaker found on returning home that while he had been receiving the dead cousin had removed himself and his goods and chattels to some place unknown, and which still remains unknown and which still remains unknown to the undertaker and his bill is still unpaid and he fears is likely to remain so.

PRETTY NAME FOR A CALF.—On New Year's day A. H. Johnson's imported Hereford Baroness III., one of the finest if not the finest cow in the state gave birth to a calf. He went out yesterday to his Reedville farm to take his first look at the heifer and on walking through a field to the barn picked a strawberry plant in bloom. That's a pretty name, he remarked and he immediately named the calf Strawberry Blossom. Mr. J. reports fall sown grain looking better than he ever saw it before at this time of year. Wheat is from five to six inches high and very vigorous while grasses are almost luxuriant. He saw no fewer than a dozen plows at work near Reedville yesterday mostly in old ground. Just think of that you farmers in the East, where the ground freezes to the roots of wheat.

SCARCITY OF GAME.—The market looks rather bare since the close season for grouse, pheasants and quail began. There has been great abundance of these fine birds in market this season it having been no unusual thing for dealers to receive them by the hundred and when there was nothing else in the line of game one could always find plenty of fine plump birds. Now about the only kind of game to be found is ducks. These fowls have been in very good condition so far but the late rains have made the lakes and ponds so full as to somewhat interfere with their feeding, and many species are not so plump as they used to be. Deer, Oregon jack rabbits will in a feasible way supply the place of pheasants etc., but the days of game dinners are over for the season.

IGNORANT OF THE LAW.—An Italian named Stephen Dominico was arrested Wednesday on a warrant issued from the police court charging him with obstructing navigation by dumping boxes into the river. Yesterday in the police court Judge Clement stated that it had been shown that Dominico couldn't speak the English language and was ignorant of the ordinance as to dumping stuff into the river. City Attorney Tanner remarked that the lowest fine was $50. The court then remarked that ignorance of the law excused no one but the accused was a poor man and as no great harm had been done he thought he was justified in dismissing the case.

FINED.—The Salvation Army fracas in which George Aitken and George Liggert were concerned was settled in the police court yesterday by the dismissal of the case against Liggert and the fining of Aitken for abusive language. A charge against Aitken of fighting was dismissed. Judge Dement in a large measure held Aitken to be blameless but not as to the language he used after the fight. He censured Liggert whose case was dismissed on motion of the district attorney who concluded there was insufficient evidence to proceed with it.

FOR A NEW TRIAL.—A motion for a new trial in the Henrietta M. Kelly William F. Highfield breach of promise case was argued yesterday before Judge Shattuck. John F. Caples and Gary Johnson attended to Highfield's side of the case, while Judge Bennett looked out for the fair plain tiff. The testimony was carefully reviewed and the arguments if anything were more interesting than those in the trial of the case. Every little point in the case was carefully referred to and commented on. Argument will be concluded to-day.

GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH.—Commencing Monday the 31st inst. we are to have a season of grand opera in English at the New Market by the Emma Abbott company. The repertory includes La Traviata, Bohemian Girl, La Sonnam bula, Carnival of Venice, Lucretia Borgia, Martha, Mignon, The Mikado, Trovatore, Faust, Crispin and Chimes of Normandy. The company comprises forty eight people including their own orchestra. They open at the Baldwin San Francisco next Thursday and sail for Portland on the 28th.

DEATH.—Yesterday Mrs. N. A. Cooper of Beaverton died at St. Vincent's hospital from the effects of a surgical operation for kidney trouble performed last Saturday. She had been an invalid for two years. Her age was 50 years and she leaves a husband and a grown son and daughter. Mrs. P. M. Merrill of this city. The family have resided in Washington county for about fifteen years. The remains will be taken to Beaverton Saturday for burial.

DROWNED.—On Friday last Caspar Ramsby of Molalla Clackamas county was drowned while crossing the Molalla river at what is known as the Graveyard crossing five miles above Wright's crossing. He was driving cattle, and by some means was thrown from his horse and carried down the stream. Mr. Ramsby was an old resident of Clackamas county, aged 50 years, and leaves a wife and one child.

INSANE.—Caroline Helbock, wife of Stephan Helbock, was yesterday examined by County Judge Caplin and Drs. Strong and Diedrich for insanity. Caplin and Drs. Strong and Diedrich for insanity. The commitment papers state that Mrs. Helbock is 43 years of age and the mother of eleven children, seven of whom are still living. This is her second attack and second commitment to the asylum. The cause assigned is puerperal fever.

...SCHEDULE
...Portland, Oregon, to Astoria, Oregon.
...Leave Portland at 7 A. M. Arrive at Astoria at 5 P. M.
...Leave Astoria at 7 A. M. Arrive at Portland at 5 P. M.
...Connecting with Northern Pacific Railroad for Tacoma, Seattle, Kalama, Olympia, Gray's Harbor, Puget Sound and British Columbia points.
...Connecting with Oregon Railway & Navigation Co. for Dalles, Walla Walla, Lewiston, Spokane Falls, Colfax, Pendleton, Baker City, Huntington, Boise City, Ogden, Salt Lake, Denver, Omaha, Chicago and all points East.
...Connecting with Ocean Steamers for San Francisco.
...Connecting with Willamette River Steamers for Salem, Albany, Corvallis, Eugene City and all points on the Willamette and Yamhill rivers.
...Connecting with Oregon Pacific Railroad for Yaquina Bay.
...Connecting with Oregon & California Railroad for Roseburg, Ashland, Yreka, Redding, Sacramento, San Francisco and all points South.
...Through Tickets to all points East and South at lowest rates.
...Through Bills Lading to all points East and South.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Europe.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Japan and China.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Australia.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Mexico.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Central America.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in South America.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in Africa.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Sandwich Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Hawaiian Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Fiji Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Society Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Marquesas Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Samoan Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Tonga Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Navigator Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Caroline Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Ladrone Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Philippine Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Pelew Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Marshall Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Gilbert Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Ellice Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Solomon Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Hebrides Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Caledonia Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Britain Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Ireland Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Admiralty Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Bismarck Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Duke of York Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Louisiade Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Solomon Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Hebrides Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Caledonia Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Britain Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the New Ireland Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Admiralty Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Bismarck Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Duke of York Islands.
...Through Bills Lading to all points in the Louisiade Islands.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

TOM MOUNTAIN'S REWARD.—The county court yesterday decided that Thomas J. Mountain be paid $250 reward for the arrest and conviction of Julius Centner and H. Wise for bribing voters at the last June election. Mountain asked for $250 in each case or $500 in all but as warrants was issued only for one case. As M. A. Malarkey also put up a $250 reward this was required to give a bond of $500 to secure the county against all other claimants. The court had no more than decided to allow Mountain the $250 before W. L. Chapman, by his attorneys Dolph, Bellinger, Mallory and Simon, filed papers in an action against Mountain and Wm. Church, jr., county clerk restraining him from issuing the warrant and the county from paying it. It is alleged that Mountain did not furnish information leading to the conviction of Wise and Centner and that the county has no right to pay the reward as the case was tried in the United States court, and that the county has no right to pay it anyhow. Mountain, by his attorneys Bronaugh and Boise objects to taking $250 in claims, the full sum of $500. They will appeal to the circuit court where the matter will probably be finally determined. Yesterday in the county court witnesses who appeared before the United States grand jury were called to testify as to Mountain's statements before that body.

THE LETTER CARRIER.—A rather pretty little Christmas story has just come to light. A lady residing in the upper part of the city has two little girls who have been in the habit every Christmas of writing letters to Santa Claus and putting them in the grate in order that he might get them at the top of the chimney. They are now old enough to go to school and some of their schoolmates told them last Christmas that it was useless to send letters to Santa Claus in this way. So they wrote the letters to him and mailed them in the postoffice clerk placed one of the letters with the mail of a pioneer banker and the other with that of a front street commission merchant. The latter has not been heard from but the little girl who wrote the former has made happy by the receipt of a letter from Santa Claus explaining that owing to a rush of business and the fact that one of his sleet had been injured the latter had been unable to visit all his little friends. He had however left word at a toy store in town that this little girl was to have anything in the store which she desired. The little girl was in ecstasies when her mother told her the nice letter from Santa Claus which she will carefully preserve and will always view with tearful recollections of the present it gave her.

POETIC LANGUAGE BY A CELESTIAL.—A Chinaman who formerly lived in this city but who went to Missouri some time since writes to his former employer here giving rather a gloomy picture of his situation. He says: It seems fate don't help go against me. Every attempt failed. Once more discouragement. Hopes have vanished. God only knows how hard I struggled in the past year. I came out here in this wild region in the hope of better my financial condition. But that spark of bright hope died young in this barren land. My present position is school teaching. The Chinese population here is small and can not pay me a fair commission for selling provisions, rice, soap, starch etc. I am the present teaching school which affords me income enough to keep me. He adds these hindrances my poor mother annoys me greatly. She pleads tearfully for my return. While her son is in such a plight it raises a sigh on my sad countenance to learn that she has selected a wife for me—one that I never saw and know nothing about her character. I consider that my present state of life is a total wreck. It I expect to see the sun of life soon. I have received a little encouragement the past week and I hope it was a ray of the sun which will lead me into better states.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES HANDS.—Mrs. A. S. Dunlway and Mr. H. R. Dunlway make the following announcement in the *New Northwest* of to-day:

The members of the Dunlway Publishing company have this day sold the *New Northwest* its plant, title, business and good will to Oliver Perry Mason, Maggie Allen and Lucca Mason who assume charge with the next issue. The *New Northwest* was established in this city sixteen years ago by Mrs. A. S. Dunlway, and has since been conducted by her with the assistance of her sons. Mrs. Dunlway has been tireless in her efforts to build up the paper which has been the champion of the cause of woman suffrage and by her abilities and assiduous labors has been able to publish an interesting and excellent journal and to place it on a sound financial basis. Mr. H. R. Dunlway who has been business manager of the paper is a young man of agreeable address and excellent business ability and is not likely to remain long in retirement.

EXCEPTIONS TO REFEREE'S REPORT.—Judge Stearns was engaged all day yesterday in hearing the argument on the exceptions to the report of C. H. Carter referee in the case of E. R. Lillienthal vs. W. Cavarith, the defendant. The referee decided that Fanny Holder's claim of $960 and odd dollars was without consideration and void, and to this she excepts. Cavarith contested his fees as referee. The exceptions are that the claims of the A. F. Hotaling Co., Gunnochio & Co., Goslinsky & Co. and Frapoli, amounting to $1050, take precedence to that of Lillienthal & Co. of $6000. To this Lillienthal objects. Before the referee plaintiffs were represented by Williams, Ach & Wood, and defendants by J. M. Hower and Alex. Bernstein, and yesterday before the court by additional counsel in the persons of J. M. Gearin and R. Williams.

CREATED AN UNDERTAKER.—It is not accounted a sin by some people to cheat a tailor and for that matter there are people including some tailors who do not think it a sin to cheat anybody but there are very few who deliberately attempt to cheat the undertaker. But a heathen Chinee of this city has done this thing. His cousin died and he went to the undertaker and ordered the remains to be taken charge of and properly buried which the undertaker proceeded to do. The man who ordered the funeral did not attend it and the undertaker found on returning home that while he had been receiving the dead cousin had removed himself and his goods and chattels to some place unknown, and which still remains unknown and which still remains unknown to the undertaker and his bill is still unpaid and he fears is likely to remain so.

PRETTY NAME FOR A CALF.—On New Year's day A. H. Johnson's imported Hereford Baroness III., one of the finest if not the finest cow in the state gave birth to a calf. He went out yesterday to his Reedville farm to take his first look at the heifer and on walking through a field to the barn picked a strawberry plant in bloom. That's a pretty name, he remarked and he immediately named the calf Strawberry Blossom. Mr. J. reports fall sown grain looking better than he ever saw it before at this time of year. Wheat is from five to six inches high and very vigorous while grasses are almost luxuriant. He saw no fewer than a dozen plows at work near Reedville yesterday mostly in old ground. Just think of that you farmers in the East, where the ground freezes to the roots of wheat.

SCARCITY OF GAME.—The market looks rather bare since the close season for grouse, pheasants and quail began. There has been great abundance of these fine birds in market this season it having been no unusual thing for dealers to receive them by the hundred and when there was nothing else in the line of game one could always find plenty of fine plump birds. Now about the only kind of game to be found is ducks. These fowls have been in very good condition so far but the late rains have made the lakes and ponds so full as to somewhat interfere with their feeding, and many species are not so plump as they used to be. Deer, Oregon jack rabbits will in a feasible way supply the place of pheasants etc., but the days of game dinners are over for the season.

IGNORANT OF THE LAW.—An Italian named Stephen Dominico was arrested Wednesday on a warrant issued from the police court charging him with obstructing navigation by dumping boxes into the river. Yesterday in the police court Judge Clement stated that it had been shown that Dominico couldn't speak the English language and was ignorant of the ordinance as to dumping stuff into the river. City Attorney Tanner remarked that the lowest fine was $50. The court then remarked that ignorance of the law excused no one but the accused was a poor man and as no great harm had been done he thought he was justified in dismissing the case.

FINED.—The Salvation Army fracas in which George Aitken and George Liggert were concerned was settled in the police court yesterday by the dismissal of the case against Liggert and the fining of Aitken for abusive language. A charge against Aitken of fighting was dismissed. Judge Dement in a large measure held Aitken to be blameless but not as to the language he used after the fight. He censured Liggert whose case was dismissed on motion of the district attorney who concluded there was insufficient evidence to proceed with it.

FOR A NEW TRIAL.—A motion for a new trial in the Henrietta M. Kelly William F. Highfield breach of promise case was argued yesterday before Judge Shattuck. John F. Caples and Gary Johnson attended to Highfield's side of the case, while Judge Bennett looked out for the fair plaintiff. The testimony was carefully reviewed and the arguments if anything were more interesting than those in the trial of the case. Every little point in the case was carefully referred to and commented on. Argument will be concluded to-day.

GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH.—Commencing Monday the 31st inst. we are to have a season of grand opera in English at the New Market by the Emma Abbott company. The repertory includes La Traviata, Bohemian Girl, La Sonnambula, Carnival of Venice, Lucretia Borgia, Martha, Mignon, The Mikado, Trovatore, Faust, Crispin and Chimes of Normandy. The company comprises forty eight people including their own orchestra. They open at the Baldwin San Francisco next Thursday and sail for Portland on the 28th.

DEATH.—Yesterday Mrs. N. A. Cooper of Beaverton died at St. Vincent's hospital from the effects of a surgical operation for kidney trouble performed last Saturday. She had been an invalid for two years. Her age was 50 years and she leaves a husband and a grown son and daughter. Mrs. P. M. Merrill of this city. The family have resided in Washington county for about fifteen years. The remains will be taken to Beaverton Saturday for burial.

DROWNED.—On Friday last Caspar Ramsby of Molalla Clackamas county was drowned while crossing the Molalla river at what is known as the Graveyard crossing five miles above Wright's crossing. He was driving cattle, and by some means was thrown from his horse and carried down the stream. Mr. Ramsby was an old resident of Clackamas county, aged 50 years, and leaves a wife and one child.

INSANE.—Caroline Helbock, wife of Stephan Helbock, was yesterday examined by County Judge Caplin and Drs. Strong and Diedrich for insanity. Caplin and Drs. Strong and Diedrich for insanity. The commitment papers state that Mrs. Helbock is 43 years of age and the mother of eleven children, seven of whom are still living. This is her second attack and second commitment to the asylum. The cause assigned is puerperal fever.

THE EAST SIDE

Railroad Bridge—School Matters—Installation—Personal and General Notes

A petition has been circulated in this city asking the Legislature to pass an act authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Willamette river. By request the first section of the act is published:

Section 1. That it shall be lawful for the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co., a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Oregon, and its successors and assigns, or they are hereby organized and empowered to construct, build, maintain and operate a railroad bridge across the Willamette river between the cities of Portland and East Portland, in the county of Multnomah, in the State of Oregon, for the passage of all railroad and passenger trains, engines and cars of every kind and description, and to connect said bridge at each end with the railroad tracks of said company, provided that there shall be a draw in said bridge, at a point to be selected and designated by the said company or its assigns, between the north line of Ankeny street and the north line of Burnside street, in Portland, in said county, and to maintain said draw in the center of the river, and to have at all times and under all approaches to such bridge a clear and unobstructed draw over said river, of not less than 150 feet in width. The clear and unobstructed draw to allow the easy passage of vessels through said bridge, provided further that said bridge shall be so constructed as not to obstruct or unnecessarily hinder or affect the navigation of said river.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

The teachers institute convenes at the central school at 9:30 to-morrow morning. Programme: Numbers, class exercise, Miss Gray; spelling, class; primary, Miss Campbell; reading, Professor Buchtel; discussion of each; all teachers. Independent series of readers—their practical utility. Grent interest is taken in school matters by the teachers of this side and their opinions will be freely given. Well attended but improved methods of instruction are the consequent results of this assimilation of ideas on education. The New Year has begun very favorably and the school children have gone to work in earnest. This afternoon rhetorical exercises will take place at the Central school and will be of a very interesting character.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

Last night at Shute's hall in Stephens addition Sumner post No. 10 G. A. R. installed the following officers: Commander, I. R. Neal; S. V. C., W. B. Taylor; J. V. C., J. Neidemark; Q. M. G., J. Jos; surgeon, W. W. Royal; chaplain, E. Martin; O. D., S. Smith; O. G., J. W. Howe; Asst. Adj., C. Barton; S. M., John W. Riner; Q. M. S., Oliesbee. After the installation ceremonies were over a supper was served, which in turn was followed by a pleasant dance.

HAVE A CARE.

A fellow name Bloodsworth a tin horn and until lately a *Siftings* reporter has been making him self of late very offensive to the public. Details are unnecessary and the authorities attention is called to this apology of a man who is setting the young men of our city an example that is both pernicious and demoralizing.

NOTES.

Orient lodge of Odd Fellows installs officers tonight.

Rev. Woods from east of the mountains is in the city.

The street lamps have not been molested for a day or two.

Afternoon prayer meeting to-day at the Presbyterian church.

The accumulated mud and rubbish on 1 street are being cleaned up and removed.

The wife of W. T. Burney, of Oregon City gave birth to a boy baby New Year's Eve.

Mrs. Eliza Spallinger who died at Mt. Tabor Wednesday was buried at Lone Fir to-day.

Commissioner Bartel had an eye to business when he put that brick on the depressed places on Fourth street.

The East Portland Social club gave one of the most pleasant social parties of the season last night at Neppach's hall.

Interest is increasing in the meetings now being held at the Methodist church. Rev. I. D. Driver is very forcibly last night.

Hon. S. R. Harrington goes to Salem to-day in all his may be in readiness to begin his legislative labors on the Monday following.

Night Engineer Tibbetts of the Stark street ferry has taken the day shift on the ferry and Joe Knott has ascended to the night watch.

Last Master George M. Strond conferred the third degree F. A. M., at Masonic hall last Wednesday night. A love feast was spread at the conclusion of the ceremonies.

Mr. H. Burnett living on sixteenth street says that the ice bar for bridging the gulch on that street is on the ground and that the bridge will be completed within the next ten days.

Pioneer Engine company held their regular monthly meeting to night. An election for assistant foreman took place to fill the vacancy caused by the death of George Pimpel.

A. W. VanDorston formerly a resident of this city and the inventor of a car coupling, appeared in Justice Shattuck's court yesterday to answer to the charge of [illegible] but at the call of counsel failed to appear. His bail bond was declared forfeited.

Mr. John Meek who lives a short distance below A. Bina expects to move to East Portland and reside there. He contemplates putting a wire fence [illegible] and perhaps will build a dwelling there.

Mrs. A. E. Talmage of McMinnville, is visiting Miss Gertrude Jordan. She expects to leave for Tacoma a few days on a visit to her sister Mrs. Hollenbeck and who is at present attending the Ainsworth Seminary.

Judge Wolf starts on a tour up the Willamette valley this morning. He goes on business and pleasure combined and while absent will take in various portions of Polk county as it reclaims, will go over Salem with a view of watching briefly the legislative operations.

It is suggested that the reason that the limit to the indebtedness was placed at $1000 at the levy meeting was because it is thought that there will at least fifteen saloons started. From these they will collect $600 per annum and by this the city government can be maintained without taxing the citizens very heavily.

SALEM NOTES

SALEM, Jan. 5.

Mr. S. Pennoyer, governor elect, is in the city viewing the situation.

The state printers under Hon. I. C. Baker are pushing the state work forward rapidly.

Miss Gertrude Jordan of East Portland spent New Year's day in this city as the guest of Mrs. S. Heuter.

Workmen are engaged in placing the new furniture in the assembly room of the capitol building in position.

Miss Winnie Brown of Astoria, spent New Year's with Mrs. Jas. Holman of this city and with her received callers at Mrs. T. M. Waite's.

The Salem Teachers association has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Perry Willis president; Miss Phebe Ann Wagoner vice-president and Miss Florella Phillips, secretary.

Sedgwick post No. 10 G. A. R. of this city installed their officers last evening. Miss Rosa Staats, a rising young elocutionist of Tacoma, was present and favored the audience with some choice selections.

Among the weddings of holiday week were the following: P. Sumpter Craig of the *Statesman* to Miss Ella Calvert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Calvert; A. Frohnmiller to Miss Pihl, a Swedish lady; C. H. Osborne to Tollie Denver. Hurlburt Wisner to Alice C. Barnett.

PORTLAND CLASSIFIED DIRECTORY

R. L. Polk & Co. will issue soon after the city directory is out a Portland business directory, the principal feature of which will be compound-sentenced headings with advertisements alphabetically arranged according to business. The book will contain not to exceed 150 pages, tastily bound in full cloth with embossed title. Above the title will appear the words: Hang this up for reference. A copy will be sent to every hotel, depot or stand on and general store in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Western Montana, thus insuring a large and very widely distributed circulation. Such a work completely covering the territory tributary to Portland and going literally into every nook and corner of the Pacific Northwest will be sought and consulted by hundreds of persons who have only a vague idea of the diversity of this city's business interests. Attention will be called to this work for six weeks after its publication in sixty different newspapers which circulate in every county in Oregon, Washington and Western Idaho. The business community need have no doubts as to the fulfillment of any promises or representations made by the publishers agents.

PERSONAL

Manager J. H. Howe returned yesterday from Walla Walla and leaves to-day for Victoria.

Mr. Charles Coodall of the firm of Goodall Perkins & Co. is in the city on business connected with the Pacific Coast Steamship company.

Mr. H. Howard manager of the Oregon Improvement company arrived on the Queen of the Pacific. He goes to Seattle to day and thence to New York.

Rev. Warren H. Landon and wife arrive this morning over the Northern Pacific. Mr. Landon will commence his labors in Calvary church on next Sunday. He will be the guest of Wm. Wadhams for a few days.

Mr. Charles T. Shalls for many years with W. W. Cole's shows, now general contractor, agent for Sells Bros. shows is in the city making arrangements for railroad transportation. The show will be here in August. W. W. Cole having made enough money has retired.

AN INTERESTING REPORT.

The seventh biennial report of the superintendent of public instruction has been completed and printed and is now ready to be submitted to the legislature. This is probably the most complete and comprehensive report ever issued from the department of public instruction. From the proof sheets we have found the first six pages are devoted to statistical summaries of the advancement in public school work in the state during the past two years. This summary presents at a glance the progress made and affords to the members of the legislature a synopsis of the entire educational report. An interesting feature of the report is a number of wood cuts and engravings presented of school and college buildings in this state these having been kindly furnished free of charge through the courtesy of L. Samuel, George H. Himes, A. G. Walling, of Portland, and others.

TEETH.—Now is your chance for a short time only. I will make a full upper or lower Set of Teeth for $7 50 worth $15. Satisfaction guaranteed. C. C. JENSUP, 145 First street, over Allsky & Eaton's.

THE STAGE.

The Casino.—The reserved seating plan of the Casino was opened for exchange at last night's performance. The house was crowded and the audience highly appreciative. The specialties introduced were more than usually good. Miss Lizzie Mulvey sang a solo and was encored. Miss Mulvey has a pleasing voice and sings with much expression. Miss Fenton also sang a solo and was encored. Miss Fenton has a fine voice and sings with much expression. The Misses Fenton and Mulvey have been engaged for the week. Mr. Fenton is very popular with the audience and has a fine voice. Mr. Fenton is very popular with the audience and has a fine voice. Mr. Fenton is very popular with the audience and has a fine voice.

The New Market.—Salt is opening the week with Hoyt's Texas Steer. Everything will appear in the New Market. Professional and amateur talent will appear. Prizes for 500 consecutive performances. Tickets 50 cents. Watch for opening announcement. Next week Hoyt's Texas Steer. Special artists engaged. Benefit of Miss Gaston and others. The prices are reduced as good on.

TO-DAY FOR PRAYER TO-DAY

Friday, January 7.—Prayer for Missions—That the Holy Spirit of Christ may rest upon the glory of the mission to preach the gospel to every creature, and may grant to the church the privilege to make speedy and effectual preparation that the greater and effectual entrance and fuller reception may be given to the truth; that Christian countries may be favorably received by heathen rulers and people and that native Christians among the heathen may be kept faithful and made zealous in seeking the salvation of their countrymen; that God's ancient people Israel may acknowledge Christ as the Messiah and that the time may soon come when according to the prophecy the spirit shall be poured out like floods upon dry ground and the desert shall rejoice and blossom as the rose.—Acts 11:41. Isa. xliv 1. Matt. xi 28. Rom. xi 25. Isa. xxxv. Psalms xl. Isa. lii, 15. Acts x 44-48.

If your digestion is impaired and you feel all out of sorts take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.
W. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agts., San Francisco.

L. C

PACIFIC COAST

Street Car Strikers in San Francisco Use Dynamite.

AN AMERICAN SHIP WRECKED.

Only Three Men, Out of a Crew of Twenty-four are Saved—Opening of the Railroad Bridge at Albany.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—At a late hour last night residents in the vicinity of Ninth and Harrison streets were startled by a terrific explosion. Most of them had retired, and being awakened from their sleep ran out in the street in their night clothing. The first impression created was that an earthquake had shaken down buildings. Investigation, however, disclosed that a dynamite cartridge had been placed in a cable slot on the Larkin street branch of the Sutter street railway, and exploded.

Basalt rocks on either side of the street were found to be loosened, and the masonry was badly shattered. The pulleys upon which the cable runs were also broken, and the foundation of the tunnel cracked.

Window panes in the vicinity were rattled violently at the time of the explosion, and in many cases shattered. In a saloon two blocks away a lighted lamp was thrown to the floor and nearly caused a conflagration.

The iron plates of the manholes of the track were found 200 feet away, to which distance they were hurled.

A lady living in the neighborhood said that a few minutes before the explosion she saw two men go to the trap. One of them lifted the trap, the other took a package from his pocket, applied a match to it and lowered it into the cable road. The men then secreted themselves. The explosion followed, and witness saw cables and machinery flying in all directions.

Many of the awakened women and children were so terrified that they went to the homes of friends to spend the night, fearful if they should remain in their own houses another explosion might occur and shatter their homes.

Chief of Police Crowley, who was seen this morning, stated that detectives had been sent out to work up the case but had not as yet obtained any clue to the perpetrators. The chief had placed a detail of a dozen police in the vicinity of the explosion. "The roads must be protected," he said, "and I'll give them all the men I can spare." No further trouble occurred to-day and the roads are all running as usual.

LAWLESSNESS IN THE CITY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—The presence of about 200 police officers, or half the force, on the lines of the Sutter and Geary street railroads to protect the railroad property and passengers from the strikers, has necessarily left a large portion of the city without ample police protection. This state of things has now existed twenty-eight days, and as far as appearances indicate, there is now less change for settlement than at the beginning of the strike. The question of proper protection is a vexatious one. In consequence, it is said, of the unguarded condition of many districts, several robberies have occurred recently, although it has chanced that none have been of great magnitude. Last Thursday evening a burglar entered the house of Chas. Goodall, corner of McAllister and Pierce streets, while the family were at dinner. The bed rooms were rifled of two gold watches and some jewelry were stolen. Monday morning about 11 o'clock three men drove up in front of Miss L. A. Lange's fancy goods store, corner of Folsom and Twenty-third streets, and one of the men, slighting, picked up four bundles of stockings, threw them into the wagon, and then drove off rapidly. It is said that there have been other cases of this importance, but only these were reported at the police headquarters. Chief Crowley says that he is doing all he can do with the present force. The railroad proposes to the same protection as any other in the city, and experience has shown that the force detailed on lines is none too large. The law gives the police commissioners the right to swear in special officers at any time, but says that the city shall not pay for such services. The commissioners have signified a willingness to appoint such officers, should the railroad companies make the proper demand, but those corporations, by reason of the provisions regarding compensation above quoted, will not, it is expected, make a demand so long as the regular force of police gives ample protection.

ANOTHER WRECK REPORTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—A dispatch received by the Merchants' exchange to-day states that the American ship Harvey Mills, which has been long over due at this port from Seattle, was wrecked sixty miles off Cape Flattery and that the survivors who were picked up by the bark Majestic bound for Seattle, were landed at San Pedro this morning. The first officer left immediately for this city on the steamer Orizaba. A press dispatch from San Pedro announces the arrival there of the survivors of the crew. From them it is learned that the vessel left Seattle, under Capt. Crawford, with a cargo of coal for San Francisco December 22. Two days later a gale was encountered sixty miles southwest of Cape Flattery, in which the vessel foundered. The only survivors known are first officer Cushman, Alexander Volkens and Jacob Brown, seamen. It is not stated how many were aboard at the time of the disaster. The survivors were picked up in an open boat by the bark Majestic, bound for San Diego, and landed at San Pedro. Over 108 miles of the Harvey Mills was about 2060 tons burden, owned jointly by Capt. Crawford, Capt. Warren and by a number of Eastern people. She was valued at $34,000, on which was a small insurance. The cargo, valued at $12,000, was consigned to J. F. Chapman & Co., this city, and fully insured.

LATER.—The entire crew and officers, it is learned, consisted of twenty-four men. The captain and three men attempted to leave the ship in a boat, which, however, capsized as soon as it left the ship's side, and it is believed were drowned. Four others took a raft, but have not since been heard from. Mate Cushman and three of the crew also left the ship on a raft, but before they were picked up one of them was washed overboard. The remaining twelve stuck to the ship, and, as the survivors saw her go down, all on board must have perished. The rescued men left to-day for this city.

ALLEGED CRUELTY AT SEA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Harry Fletcher, first assistant engineer of the steamship Alameda, and James Smith, a water tender in the same vessel, were arrested to-day on a charge of causing the death of a fireman named James Schroeder. The warrant was sworn out by Charles Jammer and F. J. Sullivan, two seamen. The sailors in their statements allege that on the last voyage of the Alameda to Australia, the vessel had not been out two days before the officers in the engineers' department began to abuse the men. On the 28th of October, the fifth day, Schroeder came out of the fire-room and complained of feeling faint. He was ordered back to work by one of the officers with the foulest language. He obeyed, but when near the smokestack dropped to the floor. Fletcher saw him and ordered two men, one of whom was Smith, to put the fireman down the furnace doors. They were thrown open and he was kept near the fire for several minutes. His head fell back and he never uttered another sound. His body was taken at sea. Fletcher and Smith take their arrest coolly, asserting that there is not the slightest foundation for the tale of the men. Both of the accused men have given bonds for $500 for their appearance before the U. S. commissioner next Saturday.

TRUNK LINE POOL DEMAND.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—It is stated that the executive committee of the trunk line pool has adopted a demand for 25 per cent. of the net through freight rates from the Pacific coast to the Atlantic seaboard, with a proviso that the result shall yield not less than 25 cents per hundred pounds from Chicago to New York. They had been receiving 22 per cent., which they claim did not pay the expenses of the haul, owing to the rate war which has existed between the transcontinental roads.

INAUGURATION POSTPONED.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 6.—The inauguration of Governor-elect Bartlett was postponed to-day until Saturday morning in order to give the clerks time for the canvass of the official returns by the legislature that the returns from two counties were missing.

STATE DISPATCHES.

THE RAILROAD BRIDGE AT ALBANY.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—The Oregon Pacific railroad bridge across the Willamette river at this place was formally opened to-day at half-past 1 o'clock. The occasion was celebrated by the citizens and many visitors from Corvallis and from the country. The weather was perfect. Not less than 1000 persons were present. The first train to cross from the west, and listened to the addresses by Mr. J. Y. Weatherford, mayor of Albany, and Mr. Wallis Nash, vice president of the Oregon Pacific company. The bridge fully answers all anticipations. It is a massive structure, chiefly of wood, thoroughly supported by steel braces, capable of supporting the greatest possible burden with perfect safety. With its approaches, it is 1,320 feet in length. It offers no sort of obstruction to navigation, as the draw, 112 feet in the clear, works perfectly. In his remarks Mr. Nash assured the people that the materials for the extension of the Oregon Pacific eastward were already purchased, and in good share about at this time. During the ensuing twelve months the track would be extended eastward at least 150 miles. The announcement was received with enthusiastic applause. Passenger trains between Yaquina bay and this city, connecting daily with the O. & C. trains north and south, will be started next Tuesday.

ARIZONA.

TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS AT PHOENIX.

PHOENIX, Jan. 6.—The common council has been petitioned for a franchise to construct a system of street car lines throughout the city.

The material and freight for the construction a bridge over the Gila river for the Maricopa & Phoenix railroad have arrived at Maricopa and work will be pushed rapidly to completion.

ENGLAND.

ENGLAND THREATENS TURKEY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The *Post's* London special says: An extraordinary state of affairs in the English foreign affairs office has just come to light. A short time ago a formal treaty between Russia and Turkey was on the point of being signed. This threw the government here into a state of great alarm, the assistance of Turkey being essential to an Anglo-Austrian alliance, which was the keynote of Salisbury's policy. To this feeling the *Morning Post* gave expression a fortnight ago, but no attention was paid to it. Now, however, "The time has arrived," said that journal, "for warning Turkey against any further pursuance of a policy which might necessitate vigorous and immediate action on our part." The warning passed later on into a menace. Turkey was told that unless she broke off with Russia immediately the English government would unhesitatingly be compelled to take repulsive measures which would speedily impress on her the fact that her previous policy was most pernicious to her real interests in Europe and the East. These measures, it was significantly added, would be taken totally irrespective of the fate of the Ottoman empire. In consequence of these threats of war, Reshim Pasha, Turkish ambassador at London, was instructed to ask Lord Iddlesleigh for an explanation and disavowal. Iddlesleigh replied, published this morning, says that although the *Morning Post* is not a government organ and is free to say what it likes, it has expressed the views of the government on this point, and, he believes, of the English nation also. Gadban Pasha, who is at Sofia arranging with Russia, will be in consequence immediately recalled by the porte. It is learned from private sources entirely trustworthy that the bombardment of Constantinople was actually threatened by Lord Iddesleigh as the result of a Turkish alliance with Russia.

THE CABINET.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Right Hon. Edward Stanhope, present colonial secretary, has accepted the office of secretary for war. Lord Iddesleigh has not yet decided to accept the suggestion to relinquish the foreign secretaryship in favor of Lord Salisbury if Lord Iddesleigh decides to resign the office he will probably take Stanhope's place as colonial secretary. The Marquis of Lansdowne's declination of the office proffered by Salisbury has been received by the latter.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—It is expected that Lord Salisbury will make no further effort to complete his cabinet with whigs, but will fill the vacant offices with conservatives. The conservative council of Liverpool has invited Mr. Goschen to contest the vacant parliamentary seat in that city and it is thought that he will consent.

HOME RULE.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The *Standard* says Gladstone is prepared to modify his home rule scheme with the consideration of dissenting liberals. According to the *Standard*, he is willing to confine the powers of the proposed Irish legislative body to questions exclusively Irish which may be delegated to it.

COUNSELS MODERATION.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—T. P. O'Connor, presiding at a home rule demonstration in Bradford to-day, advocated firmness in carrying out the plan of campaign and advised the appointment of a judge to act as a medium between landlord and tenant.

NOVELIST BLACK GETS DAMAGES.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Mr. Wm. Black, the novelist, has obtained a verdict for £100 damages against *How Bells* for libelous assertions respecting his early life and parsimonious habits.

FEARFUL SNOW STORMS.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Fearful snow storms are reported from Florence, Venice, Genoa and the whole of Piedmont, interrupting railway and telegraphic communication.

A CHICAGO SENSATION.

A Society Young Man and a Millionaire's Daughter Disappear and Leave no Trace.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—The *Examiner's* Chicago special says: A mystery deep and singular is agitating to the uttermost bounds the thrice-exclusive social circles in this city, of which Mrs. H. O. Stone, Mrs. Geo. M. Pullman, Mrs. Marshall Field and Mrs. Wirt Dexter are the best known representatives. Since Monday afternoon Miss Althea I. Stone, the beautiful 18-year-old daughter of the many time millionaire, Mrs. H. O. Stone, has not been seen by her mother and friends, and the disappearance is now known to have been attended by circumstances of an extraordinary character. Miss Stone had been attending a fashionable seminary at Ogontz, Pa., until within the past fortnight. She came to Chicago ostensibly to spend the holidays at home and was to have returned East Tuesday. A brilliant reception Monday, given by Mrs. Byram, of No. 1609 Michigan boulevard, was attended by Mrs. Stone and her now missing daughter. After the reception, while the wealthy widow lingered to exchange a pleasant word with the hostess, the fair Miss Althea slided out the broad doorway and, passing blithely between the departing groups of richly attired guests, made her way in the direction of her mother's handsome equipage. Strange to say, she did not enter that vehicle, but one directly behind it, and in scarcely a moment was whirled down the boulevard and out of sight. In the conveyance which the youthful Miss Althea entered was a young man of slim build, dressed in the last extreme of fashion. His identity was partially concealed by huge mufflings about the lower portion of his face, though persons who saw him claim that it was an individual named William Cunningham, who enjoys a prominence among the golden youth of the West, scarcely less marked and of much the same type as that of the once famed Barry Wall, in New York. Cunningham possesses an interest in the profits of an insurance business, but though noted for his sartorially limitless extent and unique character of his wardrobe, as well as his lavish expenditure in other directions, he is not known to possess a heavy bank account. When Mrs. Stone reached the curbstone and learned that her daughter had departed in another carriage, consternation overcame her. Back into Mrs. Byram's spacious but still crowded drawing-room she was carried, where all present clustered about her, while couriers were dispatched in every direction. As time passed and no tidings of the missing one were received, Mrs. Stone became distracted. So alarming was her condition that Mrs. Pullman and Mrs. Field spent the entire night at her side in the rooms where the reception had taken place. Meantime consultations of the family advisers had been held, and late in the evening Mr. Stone's trusted confidant, Judge Knickerbocker, of the probate court, accompanied by three detectives and Mrs. Stone's two attorneys, hurriedly proceeded to the residence of the Cunningham family on Chicago avenue near Pine street, suspecting that young Cunningham and Miss Althea might be there. The party was met in the parlor by the aged father of Cunningham, who, in reply to inquiries, said that his son's whereabouts was unknown to him. Upon being informed of Judge Knickerbocker's suspicions and hearing that detectives had been brought into the house, Mr. Cunningham arose in wrath. He ordered the entire party out of doors and savagely threatened to throw them out bodily. The judge and companions retired, but remained in the vicinity and with eight policemen watched the house until morning. Their labor was fruitless, however. It has only been ascertained definitely that young Cunningham has disappeared as completely as Miss Stone. What has been done by them or either of them can only be surmised, although a relative of the young lady has taken the responsibility of causing the following notice to be published:

MARRIED.

STONE—CUNNINGHAM—Monday, January 3, 1887, Althea I. Stone to William Cunningham, both of this city.

No other reference to the subject has yet crept into print, all the influence of the most powerful coteries in the city being exerted to prevent a disclosure.

Late to-night it is reported that the couple have returned to Chicago and are at Cunningham's house; that Miss Stone claims to have been married and that the mother refuses to recognize her.

THE GREAT TARIFF QUESTION.

Randall and his Friends very Desirous of Abolishing Internal Revenue Taxes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The *Star* to-night says: "It is probable that the question as to whether revenue matters are to be taken up in the house this session will be settled within two or three days. A meeting of Mr. Randall's friends will be had at his residence to-night. There are several members who voted with Mr. Morrison for consideration who, it is said, do not approve the bill now on the calendar from the ways and means committee. Randall has been trying to come to an understanding so that these gentlemen can defer the house's gone into committee of the whole on revenue matters, they will vote to lay aside the Morrison bill and for the repeal of the tobacco tax. Randall feels sufficiently strong in his position now to venture on some action. The full measure of his strength will be weighed at the meeting to night, and if not found lacking will make a bold movement. The question now is, whether he will allow Morrison to make a motion to go into committee and will vote with him on that motion, or make the motion himself. He will probably follow the latter course. If this motion is carried, as under such circumstances it would be, he would move at once to lay aside the tariff bill and propose as a substitute a measure practically abolishing the internal revenue system, or so far abolishing it as to leave only the skeleton frame work of it, for future operation. To this he will add the free list attached to his tariff bill with some additional articles, such as goat's hair, etc. He will not propose any revision of the tariff, his purpose being to leave that for the next house. If the meeting to-night does not materially satisfactorily, it will probably end all the efforts of the internal revenue men this session. One way or the other, their course is expected to be decided upon within forty-eight hours."

RESULT OF THE MEETING.

The meeting above mentioned took place to-night. Not more than nine or ten representatives were present. A general talk took place on the subject of the tariff, but nothing was agreed upon further than that they were in favor of a bill on the line of that introduced by Mr. Randall last session, which repealed the taxes on tobacco, the tax on alcohol used in the arts, and certain special liquor license taxes, and also added certain articles to the free list. No conclusion was reached as to when an attempt should be made to secure consideration of such a bill, nor, indeed, whether an attempt should be made at all. Those present were very reticent as to who attended the meeting, but it can be stated that no members were present from Virginia or North Carolina, the states generally spoken of as most interested in the total or partial abolition of the internal revenue laws.

A DEMOCRATIC STATEMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—The *Examiner's* special says: At a meeting of protection democrats at Congressman Randall's house to-night a measure for tax reduction was agreed upon as follows: Repeal of the tobacco tax of $25,000,000; repeal of the tax on spirits distilled from fruits, $2,000,000; free alcohol for use in arts estimated $20,000,000; repeal of all licenses, $700,000; additions to the free list $,000,000, in all about $47,000,000.

FRANCE.

NEW WHEAT SUPPLY.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—M. Lockroy, minister of commerce, announces that wheat of excellent quality and to any extent would have been exported for the first time from Algeria to the Continent. A large cargo of this wheat, M. Lockroy says, have been sent to Odessa across the Black Sea from the ports of Poti and Petrolia, and destined for the Adriatic and the French channel.

THE FRENCH IN EGYPT.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—In consequence of the repeatedly expressed discontent of French merchants, the government has ordered its agents in Egypt to foster French commerce as much as possible and endeavor to decrease to the minimum the difficulties in the way of Frenchmen competing successfully for public contracts.

MORE WAR MISSILES.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—Gen. Boulanger, minister of war, has ordered 200,000 new mellinite shells.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. WOODARD, CLARK & CO., Agents.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Jan. 6.

Overland receipts include car bungies, car saw mill machinery, 1 cask 11 bbls glassware, 2 cs dry goods, 1 safe, 1 bx 20 bdls 527 butts tobacco.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty-four hours: 1638 ctls wheat, 204 bbls flour, 435 ctls oats, 75 lbs wool, 5220 lbs hides, 6 cs butter, 56 cs eggs, 21 bxs fruit, 51 sks dried do, 10 hogs, 19 cattle. Also 20,020 ctls wheat, 420 bbls flour, 6710 lbs hides from the eastern section.

FREIGHTS—The Palterdale, iron, arrived seeking. The Bessfield, W. H. Watson, Raglan Castle, Argonant and Ballochmyle came in with prior charters. Three wheat laden vessels sailed during the week. A good part of the fleet now in river have filled up or are fast doing so, and the loading movement is quiet enough. Near the close San Francisco reports a charter of iron at 30s, with no particular request for tonnage. Here 40s would be a full quotation, reports giving the market as weak at that. Freights have received not the least benefit from the latest rise in wheat, as the supply is thought to be fully equal to all probable demands, and wheat holders have not sold to an extent that would justify new freight business. Here the feeling is that there will be more than enough tonnage to carry the surplus, and as California is well supplied with tonnage, the outlook does not favor any advance.

REGISTERED TONNAGE STATEMENT.

In port—Finished or cleared	12,640
Loading or to load	13,295
Loading miscellaneous	1,145
Due disengaged	1,200
On way—Due January-February	10,000
Due later on	14,396—24,396

WHEAT—Receipts for the week 2670 tons valley and 1724 tons Walla Walla against 1480 and 3196 tons the same week last season and 4153 and 3416 tons the preceding week this season. The light movement may be attributed to the fact that little or none is now selling and oldpurchases are nearly delivered. Advices during the week have had the effect of further dulling the local market and the least possible business is passing. Of course holders have high ideas, and, to a great extent, are quite justified in demanding what they do. That obtainable prices are not higher than they are is not due to advices so much as to local influences. The bulk of present holdings of both Valley and Walla Walla is in strong hands. These holders either believe that the shipping markets are to do much better or that shippers will have to pay what is demanded. Whether or not the markets will do better is an open question. They certainly appear willing to go higher, but it remains to be seen whether or not future conditions will be of the effect now threatened. There seems no immediate probability that our shippers will be forced to buy wheat. Appearances are against this, and recent tonnage engagements have been next to nothing. For the fleet at hand and soon to arrive there is probably enough wheat in hands of shippers. Being desirous of keeping enough wheat in sight to fill expected arrivals, shippers will not now charter. At present they can secure little to supply the deficiency that would be made if new charters were drawn, and to charter without a cargo in sight is deemed risky. Values here would be better if holders showed any willingness to sell. As it is, a complete deadlock exists and values have not kept pace with advices. San Francisco has freely quoted $1 57½ for No. 1 California, with occasional sales at $1 60. This season valley Oregon there has brought no less than No. 1 California, not because it is inferior, but because a misunderstanding seems to have prevailed that quotations of California would not be paid for Oregon. The bulk of that shipped so far was used by mills. These figures would make valley there $1 55@1 57½, or $1 37½@1 40 here, with full freights paid. Best bids here of late have been $1 35, and that from millers, shippers usually naming less unless for a round lot. Holders claim $1 40@1 42½ to be low enough for this market, as the ocean freights no more than the above San Francisco has claim seems reasonable enough. Shippers have not the same confidence in foreign values being maintained that the local holder has, hence are not inclined to pay a high price for small lots of wheat now offering and risk the foreign market while getting a cargo together. All that can be quoted now is $1 38 for valley and $1 30 for Walla Walla, the latter for milling wheat.

Up to Tuesday advices were of very buoyant markets abroad and the outlook seemed highly favorable to even higher values. On Tuesday a quiet turn was cabled and on Wednesday and Thursday a rather cheaper market for both spot and cargoes. This without any marked change in statistical conditions. British stocks are equivalent to 1,375,000 qrs wheat, against 1,275,000 qrs one year ago. This result is about as anticipated for a month past, for it will be remembered that the cable as well as mail advices placed probable stocks for the end of 1886 at 10,000,000 bushels. That they are 1,000,000 more is of no consequence, having decreased 24,000,000 in a year. Deliveries from English farmers are light, but about even with a year ago. British imports of late have been lighter than a year ago. In bushels may be presented the following comparison for January 1, this and last year:

	1887.	1886.
British stocks	11,000,000	27,000,000
Afloat for U. K	16,000,000	14,000,000
American visible	62,730,000	58,432,000
Total	91,730,000	99,432,000

This gives an apparent shortage over a year ago for Britain of 7,702,000 bushels without reference to Continental business. Regarding Continental stocks there is no return but the quantity afloat, now in 5,340,000 bushels against 1,120,000 a year ago. Favoring the present situation of American wheat is that it and Indian are about all that is available and that India is sending only about 400,000 bushels weekly. Russia and Australia have hardly anything to offer for a while, and then Australia does not now promise to have much. The next four months must see England drawing upon America for supplies.

The following is a comparative statement of grain deliveries from English farmers, imports into the United Kingdom and quantities afloat for the weeks ended as below:

FARMERS' DELIVERIES.

January 3, 1887	30,000 to 35,000 qrs. wheat
January 4, 1886	70,000 to 75,000 qrs. wheat
December 28, 1886	50,000 to 55,000 qrs. wheat
December 28, 1885	60,000 to 65,000 qrs. wheat

IMPORTS.

January 5, 1887	230,000 to 235,000 qrs. wheat 248,000 to 250,000 bbls. flour
January 7, 1886	155,000 to 160,000 qrs. wheat 90,000 to 95,000 bbls. flour
December 29, 1886	110,000 to 115,000 qrs. wheat 80,000 to 85,000 bbls. flour
December 30, 1885	185,000 to 190,000 qrs. wheat 170,000 to 175,000 bbls. flour

QUANTITIES AFLOAT.

January 5, 1887	2,250,000 qrs for U. K. 248,000 qrs for Cont'l.
January 7, 1886	1,750,000 qrs for U. K. 140,000 qrs for Cont'l.
December 29, 1886	2,050,000 qrs for U. K. 760,000 qrs for Cont'l.
December 31, 1885	1,775,000 qrs for U. K. 160,000 qrs for Cont'l.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Government bonds and state bonds were dull and heavy. The stock market showed more activity than that of yesterday, and the upward movement in prices made further material progress. The opening was generally weak, declines from last evening's final figures ranging from ⅛ to ½. Business was only moderate and before noon became dull. Further slight declines were made in early trading, but these soon rallied and prices were brought up a small fraction above the opening. They remained in that neighborhood until after 12 o'clock, when the upward movement was renewed, accompanied by greater activity. With slight interruption the advance continued until the close, which was quiet but strong at or near the best figures of the day.

Mining shares were dull but strong. Following are the closing prices bids: Bulwer $1 40, Bodie $2 90, Caledonia, Black Hills $1 20, Deadwood $2 40, Consolidated California & Virginia $25, Eureka Consolidated $1 50, Horn Silver $1 60, Hale & Norcross $9, Iron Hill $1 05, Mono $8, Sierra Nevada $7, Silver King $6 75.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Money on call, easy, 4@6, last loan at 4, closing offered at 4. Prime paper, 6@7. Sterling exchange, active and strong, $4 80½ 60 day bills, $4 84½ demand.

BONDS.

4s	126	4½s (coupon)	102¾
4s (coupon)	121¾	Pacific 6s	121½

STOCKS.

American Express	107	Oregon Navigation	82½
Canadian Pacific	60½	Transcontinental	39
Canada Southern	62	Improvement	49½
Central Pacific	42½	Pacific Mail	46¾
Ohio Grande	22	Panama	98
Erie	33½	Texas Pacific	26
Kansas & Texas	32½	Union Pacific	57½
Northern Pacific	25½	Wabash	21½
N. P. Preferred	66	Fargo Express	120
Northwestern	106	Western Union	73½
N. Y. Central	102½		

*Assessment paid.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Con. Alabama & Virginia opened flimsy at $2 75, Ophir $14 25, Best & Belcher $11 50, Hale & Norcross $9, the latter was strong and active, selling up to $13 50, an advance of $5; 25 over last night's closing. Potosi, Halo & Norcross, Yellow Jacket and Savage were leaders of the middle stocks and Sierra Nevada and Union of the garth end. Sierra Nevada opened $1 02½ over last quotations and Union 75 cents.

Con. Cal. & Va	24 00	Chollar	12 50
Best & Belcher	11 50	Confidence	9 87
Sierra Nevada	8 00	Alta	3 70
Hale & Norcross	9 02	Ophir	14 00
Mexican	7 25	Bodie	3 15
Gould & Curry	6 50	Benton	1 20
Yellow Jacket	7 50	Andes	1 83
Union	5 87	Bullion	3 99
N. R. Isle	3 50	Justice	2 85
Potosi	9 00	Peerless	75

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Jan 6.—Consols, 100 9-16. Bank of England rate of interest, 5 per cent. Silver bullion per ounce, 46 7-16.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Silver bullion per ounce, 105¾. Sterling exchange, long $4 81; short, $4 85. U. S. bonds: 5s, 100½; 4s, 127½; 4½s, 110.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Transfers, 12½@15. Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 80½; do documentary, $4 79½@4 80¾.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Weather hazy; wind northeast.

Receipts—Wheat, 37,000 ctls; flour, 11,000 ¼ sks; barley, 1200 ctls; potatoes, 2900 sks.

Recharter red spot for U. K., Havre or Antwerp. Br ship Shandon, iron, 1397 tons, at 39s, by Wm. Dresbach.

Wheat—The market is strong at full prices; offerings small; demand fair; No. 1 shipping nominal, $1 55@1 57½; sellers asking $1 62½; options very active. Buyer season $1 60¾. $1 70@$1 69¾; buyer year $1 75¼, seller year $1 84¾.

Buyer season wheat closed $1 69¾.

Barley—Strong and higher; No. 1 feed, spot, $1 10@1 12½; buyer season, $1 17½@1 18¾.

Oats—Steady at $1 40@1 60.

Potatoes—Steady; Burbanks, $1 50@1 60; Garnet Chile $1 35@1 45; Peerless, $1 30@1 35.

Eggs—Ranch, 26@27½c; tending lower.

Butter—Weak at 25@27½c.

Millstuff—Steady.

Wool—Dull.

Hops—Inactive.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Wheat opened 97¾c January, 94½c February, 95¾c March, 98½c May. At noon, 93¾c January, 94¾c February, 95¾c March, 98¾c May.

Wheat closed 93c January, 93¼c February, 95¼c March, 98¾ April, 103c May.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Wheat opened 79¾c January, 79½c February, 80¾c March, 81¾c April, 83¾c May. At noon, 78¾c January, 79¾c February, 80¾c March, 81c April, 86½c May.

Wheat closed lower; 78¾c January, 79c February, 80 March, 80¾c April, 85¾c May.

Provisions—Pork, $12 50 February; lard, $6 02½ February; ribs, $6 20 February; short ribs, $6 30 cash.

Foreign Markets.

BEERBOHM.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Number of cargoes arrived on coast since last report, 1; number of waiting orders, 1; cargoes on passage, not much demand.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 6.—Spot wheat, more inquiry. No. 2 red winter, 7s 8d; white Michigan, 7s 8½d; No. 2 spring, 7s 8d per cental. Flour, first bakers' Minnesota, per 280 lbs, 24s.

LONDON, Jan. 6, 5 P. M.—Cargoes on passage and for shipment, turn dearer and more disposition to buy.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Arrived—Br bk Tam ave, Juniper; bkt R. R. Ham, Port Blakeley; str Empire, Departure bay.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 6.—Arrived—Br Sarah S. Ridgeway, Port Townsend.

ASTORIA, Jan. 6.—Str Columbia arrived down 8:25 A. M., left out 9, passed out 9:40 A. M. Br ship Monarch anchored at Sand Island. Str Idaho arrived in at 12 M. and left up at 17:20 P. M. Bkt Tam O'Shanter arrived at Knappton 6th. Schr Dupe passed out 5th inst. Schrs Norway and James A. Garfield passed out this morning. The Lurline arrived down 2:30 P. M. with Br bk James Stafford.

PORT STEVENS, Jan. 6—4 P. M.—Bar moderate; weather cloudy; wind southwest.

IRELAND.

NO JUSTICE FOR IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Jan. 6.—The *Nation*, commenting on the brutality of the sentences of the Woodford prisoners, says: Justice can be done to Ireland only in defiance of law. Injustice is embodied in the Irish statute book; heartlessness is enthroned on the bench, while justice, benevolence and charity languish in prison.

PARNELL'S INTENTION.

DUBLIN, Jan. 6.—The *Express* (tory) publishes a statement that Parnell intends to move a vote of censure in the commons against the government for its course towards the Woodford tenants, who were yesterday sentenced to long terms of imprisonment for resisting eviction on the Clanricarde estates.

A CONTRADICTION.

DUBLIN, Jan. 6.—Archbishop Walsh contradicts the recent dispatch from Rome stating that the pope has requested him not to support the nationalist rent movement, but that the injunction had been disregarded.

ITALY.

PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON.

ROME, Jan. 6.—Prince Louis Napoleon, son of Prince Jerome Napoleon (Plon Plon) will, it is announced, finish his military education in the Italian army.

CARDINAL JACOBINI'S ILLNESS CRITICAL.

ROME, Jan. 6.—Cardinal Jacobini is in a critical condition. He has been attacked with alarming symptoms of gout. Dr. Cercarelli told the pope to-day to expect the worst.

SCOTLAND.

WILL KNOCK THE MARQUIS OUT.

EDINBURG, Jan. 6.—The Marchioness of Queensberry has instituted an action for divorce against her husband, the Marquis of Queensberry. The action will be tried here and will begin next week.

JOHN ROACH'S CONDITION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—There has been no material change in the condition of John Roach to-day.

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE

The most Powerful Healing Ointment ever Discovered.

Henry's Carbolic Salve cures Sores.
Henry's Carbolic Salve allays Burns.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals Pimples.
Henry's Carbolic Salve cures Piles.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals Cuts.

Ask for Henry's—Take No Other.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Price 25 cts., mail prepaid 30 cts.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.

Write for Illuminated Book.

HUMPHREYS'

Manual of all Diseases, by F. HUMPHREYS, M. D. HIGHLY BOUND IN CLOTH and GOLD Mailed Free.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.50
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.50
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.50
4	Diarrhea of Children or Adults	.50
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.50
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.50
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.50
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.50
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.50

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.50
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.50
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.50
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.50
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.50
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.50
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
18	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
19	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
20	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	1.00
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., 109 Fulton St., New York.

ENGLISH MEDICAL SPECIALTY

Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Exhausted Vitality, Lost Manhood, and all the terrible effects of self-abuse and indiscretion in maturer years, such as nocturnal emissions, loss of memory, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, aversion to society, self-distrust, confusion of ideas, etc., which, if neglected, may lead to insanity and death. Young and Middle-aged Men suffering from the above should consult us at once. Have you been unfortunate enough to contract a disease, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Sores, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Blood Poisons, Mercurial Disease, Female Weaknesses, Irregularities, Painful Menstruation, Leucorrhœa, Ovarian Troubles, Uterine Diseases, Displacements, Tumors, Cancers, Piles, Fistula, Rectal Ulcers, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Sexual Decay, Impotency, &c., &c., call or write us. Consultation free. Medicines sent everywhere, secure from observation. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Address or call on ENGLISH MEDICAL DISPENSARY, No. 31 Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal.

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA

Cures Pimples, Boils, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Neuralgia, Rheumatic and Mercurial Pains. It Purifies the Blood, restores the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, and makes the Complexion bright and clear.

Sold by all Druggists.

J. R